

MUTUAL FUND HANDBOOK



Mission: To be the wealth creator for every Indian

Vision: To be the most respected asset manager in the World



It is no secret that, over the past few years, Mutual Funds have emerged as an investment avenue of choice for Indian investors across the length and breadth of the country and across different demographic segments. The AUM of the Indian Mutual Fund Industry has grown more than 5 times over in the last 10 years. Yet, the MF industry has a long way to go in order to cater to a larger majority of our population. There are just over 4.6 Crore unique Mutual Fund investors (As on June 2024) from a population of ~ 144 Crore. With increasing financial literacy and financialization of savings, we see a huge potential going forward.

The world of investing can often seem complex and overwhelming, particularly for new investors. With countless investment options available, Mutual Funds stand out as a versatile and accessible choice for a broad spectrum of investors. Owing to the overwhelming response to the first edition, we are pleased to bring you an updated version of the Mutual Fund Handbook, with several new thoughts based on feedback from our ever-expanding investor and distributor community and our internal brainstorming. This handbook has been crafted with the goal of demystifying investment related decisions and providing a clear, comprehensive guide to help investors make informed decisions.

As you embark on your investment journey, remember that patience, discipline, and a clear understanding of your financial goals are key to long-term success. We hope this Mutual Fund Handbook will assist you in navigating the complexities of mutual funds and help you achieve your financial aspirations.

Happy Investing



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Why **MUTUAL FUNDS?**



Investing in various asset classes like Gold, Debt and Equity with the help of mutual funds could help eliminate many drawbacks of investing through other routes.

| | Asset Classes | | |
|----------------------|--|---|---|
| | Gold and Silver | Debt | Equity |
| Routes of investment | Physical Gold/Silver and Gold Bonds | Fixed Deposits/ Corporate Bonds | Direct Equity |
| Drawbacks | Physical Gold / Silver - Safety concerns and storage capacity Gold Bonds - Low liquidity | Medium to Low liquidity Penalty for premature withdrawal | Requires time and expertise Relatively riskier |
| | | | |
| Here's h | ow mutual fund route | can help overcome the | above drawbacks |
| Mutual Fund Route | Gold Exchange Traded Fund (ETF) & Gold Fund, Silver Exchange Traded Fund (ETF) & Silver Fund | Debt Mutual Fund | above drawbacks Equity Mutual Fund |

Questions on every investor's mind -

- What are the different avenues for investing?
- What are the drawbacks in different investing avenues?
- How are equity mutual funds better than direct stocks?
- How can mutual funds overcome these drawbacks?





It is normally seen that entrepreneurs create wealth for themselves and their shareholders by running good, growing businesses.

How can an individual learn and benefit from these business stalwarts?

- Either by starting a business (which may not be as easy to scale up)
- Or, by investing in an established growing business

Why Invest in **EQUITIES?**

Long Term Wealth Creation

Investing in stock markets could help you create wealth over the long term

Become a Part-Owner

When you buy a stock of a company, you become a part owner and could make money as the company's profit increases

Real Returns

Investing in equities could help you beat inflation as it generates positive real returns over the long term

E.g. For instance, if my Return from Investment* is 15.79% and my Inflation# is 7.55% then my real rate of return is 8.24% (15.79% - 7.55%).

*Actual returns of BSE Sensex from 31st March 1980 till 31st March 2024. # Average CPI inflation from31st March 1980 till 31st March 2024.

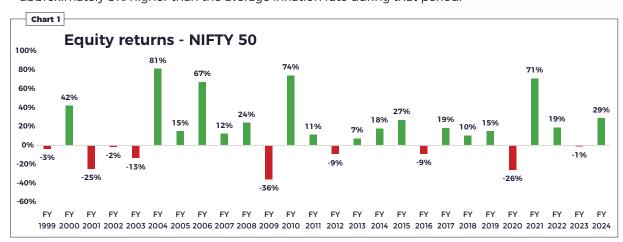


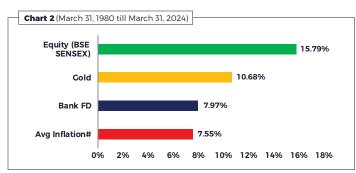
EQUITIES -

A long term asset which aims at wealth creation

Equity markets do not move up in a linear fashion. Various news and events, both domestic and global, drive the market in the short run. However, in the long term, returns could be in line with the growth of the underlying economy.

As shown in Chart 1 below, markets have given positive returns in some years and negative in others. However, if you observe Chart 2, in the long term, BSE SENSEX has delivered 15.79% CAGR between Mar 80 and Mar 24; which is approximately 8% higher than the average inflation rate during that period.





Despite the risk and volatility in the short term, over the long term, equity as an asset class has **outperformed** others. It has beaten inflation by the highest margin.

Data source: World Bank

Questions on every investor's mind -

- ♦ Why are equities volatile?
- ◆ Have equities given positive real returns over the long run?
- ♦ How have equities performed compared to other asset classes?

Source: Bloomberg, RBI Handbook of statistics on Indian Economy, World Gold Council, SBI #Average Inflation is shown for comparison with returns from various asset classes. *Data is of CAGR returns of various asset classes (Equity, Gold, Bank FD) for the period March 31, 1980 till March 31, 2024, Average Inflation - Data as on March 31, 2024. Equities are a volatile asset class. However, volatility in returns reduces as holding period increases. Above asset classes are not strictly comparable. Above chart is for illustration purposes only. Past performance may or may not be sustained in future and is not a guarantee of any future returns.



Understanding MARKETS

| YEAR END (1) | SENSEX (2) | ROLLING 1 YR GROWTH (3) | ROLLING 3 YR GROWTH (4) | ROLLING 5 YR GROWTH (5) | ROLLING 10 YR GROWTH (6) | ROLLING 15 YR GROWTH (7) | ROLLING 20 GROWTH (8YR |
|------------------|------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------|
| Mar-79 | 100 | | | | | | |
| Mar-80 | 129 | 29% | | | | | |
| Mar-81 | 173 | 35% | | | | | |
| Mar-82 | 218 | 26% | 30% | | | | |
| Mar-83 | 212 | -3% | 18% | | | | |
| Mar-84 | 245 | 16% | 12% | 20% | | | |
| Mar-85 | 354 | 44% | 18% | 22% | | | |
| Mar-86 | 574 | 62% | 39% | 27% | | | |
| Mar-87 | 510 | -11% | 28% | 19% | | | |
| Mar-88 | 398 | -22% | 4% | 13% | | | |
| Mar-89 | 714 | 79% | 8% | 24% | 22% | | |
| Mar-90 | 781 | 9% | 15% | 17% | 20% | | |
| Mar-91 | 1168 | 50% | 43% | 15% | 21% | | |
| Mar-92 | 4285 | 267% | 82% | 53% | 35% | | |
| Mar-93 | 2281 | -47% | 43% | 42% | 27% | | |
| Mar-94 | 3779 | 66% | 48% | 40% | 31% | 27% | |
| Mar-95 | 3261 | -14% | - 9 % | 33% | 25% | 24% | |
| Mar-96 | 3367 | 3% | 14% | 24% | 19% | 22% | |
| Mar-97 | 3361 | 0% | -4% | -5% | 21% | 20% | |
| Mar-98 | 3893 | 16% | 6% | 11% | 26% | 21% | |
| Mar-99 | 3740 | -4% | 4% | 0% | 18% | 20% | 20% |
| Mar-00 | 5001 | 34% | 14% | 9% | 20% | 19% | 20% |
| Mar-01 | 3604 | -28% | -3% | 1% | 12% | 13% | 16% |
| Mar-02 | 3469 | -4% | -2% | 1% | - 2% | 14% | 15% |
| Mar-03 | 3049 | -12% | -15% | -5% | 3% | 15% | 14% |
| Mar-04 | 5591 | 83% | 16% | 8% | 4% | 15% | 17% |
| Mar-05 | 6493 | 16% | 23% | 5% | 7% | 15% | 16% |
| Mar-06 | 11280 | 74% | 55% | 26% | 13% | 16% | 16% |
| Mar-07 | 13072 | 16% | 33% | 30% | 15% | 8% | 18% |
| Mar-07 | 15644 | 20% | 34% | 39% | 15% | 14% | 20% |
| Mar-09 | 9709 | -38% | - 5% | 12% | 10% | 6% | 14% |
| Mar-10 | 17528 | 81% | 10% | 22% | 13% | 12% | 17% |
| | 19445 | | | | 18% | | |
| Mar-11 Mar-12 | 17404 | 11% - 10% | 8% 21% | 12% 6% | 18% | 12% 12% | 15% 7% |
| | | | | | | | |
| Mar-13 | 18836 | 8% | 2% | 4% | 20% | 11% | 11% |
| Mar-14 | 22386 | 19% | 5% | 18% | 15% | 13% | 9% |
| Mar-15 | 27957 | 25% | 17% | 10% | 16% | 12% | 11% |
| Mar-16 | 25342 | -9% | 10% | 5% | 8% | 14% | 11% |
| Mar-17 | 29621 | 17% | 10% | 11% | 9% | 15% | 11% |
| Mar-18 | 32969 | 11% | 6% | 12% | 8% | 17% | 11% |
| Mar-19 | 38673 | 17% | 15% | 12% | 15% | 14% | 12% |
| Mar-20 | 29468 | -24% | 0% | 1% | 5% | 11% | 9% |
| Mar-21 | 49509 | 68% | 15% | 14% | 10% | 10% | 14% |
| Mar-22 | 58569 | 18% | 15% | 15% | 13% | 11% | 15% |
| Mar-23 | 58992 | 1% | 26% | 12% | 12% | 9% | 16% |
| Mar-24 | 73651 | 25% | 14% | 14% | 13% | 14% | 14% |
| Probability o | of Gain | 31/45 | 36/43 | 38/41 | 35/36 | 31/31 | 26/26 |

- Markets are volatile in the short term.
- ▶ As the investment horizon increases, **probability of loss reduces**. E.g. the table shows that, in the last 43 years of SENSEX, the likelihood of losing money for periods of 15 years or more has been NIL.
- From March 1979 to March 2024, markets have given a **CAGR of 15.79%**. Equity returns have been more than the Nominal GDP of 14%.
- SENSEX has compounded wealth at 15.79% over the long run. At this rate, an investment in the Sensex has historically doubled approximately every 4.5 Years.

Questions on every investor's mind -

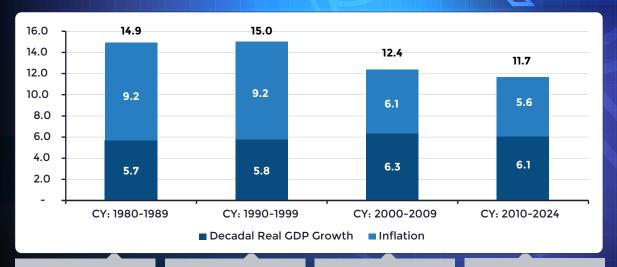
- ◆ Are equity markets volatile in the short term?
- ◆ What is the probability of gain from equities in the long run?

Past performance may or may not be sustained in future and is not a guarantee of any future returns. The above is just an illustration. SENSEX returns are computed for 1, 3, 5, 10, 15 & 20 years from the date of investment. Source: BSE Ltd, Returns for 1 year are absolute and above 1 year CAGR. CAGR - Compounded Annual Growth Rate: The rate at which an investment grows annually over a specified period of time. Column 2: shows the value of BSE SENSEX at the end of month of the respective period. Probability of gains is the number of times the investor would have made positive returns. Column 3 to 8: Represents the return earned on the investment for the referred period. For e.g. If you invested in Mar-79 when SENSEX Index was 100, then 1 year returns (in Mar-80) would have been 29%, 3 years returns (in Mar-82) would have been 30%, 5 years returns (in Mar-84) would have been 20%, 10 year returns (in Mar-89) would have been 20%.



Decadal GROWTH **RATES** of India





1980-89

- Operation Blue Star
- Rajiv Gandhi Government
- Birth of IT Industry
- · Rise of BJP in Indian Politics
- · Advent of TV, Maruti Car

1990-99

- · Global Oil Crisis Gulf War
- BoP Crisis, Reforms commence
- Asian Crisis, Era of coalitions
- 1st BJP govt., Kargil Conflict Growth of IT, Satellite TV, Mobiles

2000-09

- Violence in Gujarat post Godhra • 9/11, Dotcom Bubble
- · Growth of Indian Generics Cos.
- 10 year Congress rule
- Lehman Crisis
- QE Quantitative Easing

2010-24

- Coal, NIMO etc. scandals
- QE Tapering, PIGS, Greece
- · High FD & CAD, high inflation Demonetisation, GST.
- Make in India
- · COVID-19
- · Russia-Ukraine war

The graph depicts the growth of the Indian economy over the past decades. The nominal growth of the economy (real growth plus inflation) is a good proxy for the average growth in businesses of a country.

Equities over time grow in line with the growth of underlying businesses/economy. This is evident in the fact that the Indian economy has grown at a nominal growth of ~ 14% p.a., while SENSEX has grown at a CAGR of 15.79%. (From Mar 1979 to Mar 2024) which is a little more than the nominal GDP growth.

Source: CMIE; CAGR - Compounded Annual Growth Rate, GDP - Gross Domestic Product

The same should not be construed as future returns that the investors will receive.



How big an impact can power of compounding have?

If you want to walk towards the moon, and start with 1 step on the first day and double the steps every day, How long do you think it will take to reach the moon? 2 years? 20 years? Let's find out!

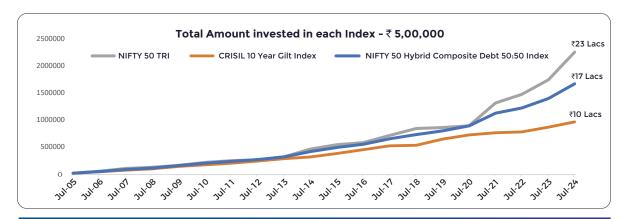
Within 31 days, you will cover over 6.5 lakh km. and cross the moon. Yes, it will just take 31 days.

But what if you delay by 15 days? You will cover only 10 km.

That's the Power of Compounding.

POWER OF COMPOUNDING – can make a huge difference to your wealth

The graph depicts how much an amount of ₹ 25,000 would have grown to if invested each year for 20 Years at various rates of return* across time.



Questions on every investor's mind.

How does compounding work over time?

Disclaimer: Past performance may or may not be sustained in future and is not a guarantee of any future returns.

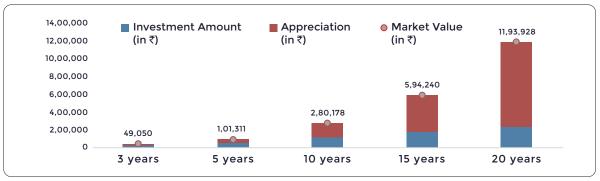
*Actual 20 Years Returns of NIFTY 50 TRI (representing equities), CRISIL 10 Year Gilt Index (representing debt), NIFTY 50 Hybrid Composite Debt 50:50 Index (representing equity and debt equally) as on 31st July, 2024.



POWER OF COMPOUNDING - How it works

Let's see how much money could have been accumulated through an SIP investment of ₹ 1000/month in Nifty 50 TRI.

| Tenure | Investment Amount (in ₹) | Appreciation (in ₹) | Market Value (in ₹) |
|----------|--------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| 3 years | 36,000 | 13,050 | 49,050 |
| 5 years | 60,000 | 41,311 | 1,01,311 |
| 10 years | 1,20,000 | 1,60,178 | 2,80,178 |
| 15 years | 1,80,000 | 4,14,240 | 5,94,240 |
| 20 years | 2,40,000 | 9,53,928 | 11,93,928 |



Rate of return is calculated using Actual SIP Returns (XIRR) of Nifty 50 TRI for 3 Years, 5 Years, 10 Years, 15 Years, 20 Years as on 31st July 2024.

It is evident from the graph that as the number of years increase, the money compounds at a much higher rate.

Even though the original investment is very low, the capital appreciation is much higher.

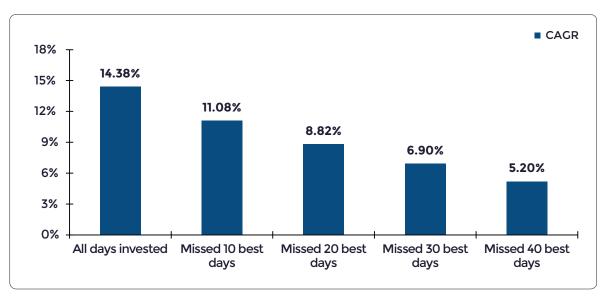
This is the **Power of Compounding.**

Past performance may or may not be sustained in future and is not a guarantee of any future returns. SIP - Systematic Investment Plan



Difficulty in TIMING THE MARKET





Daily returns from January 1, 1990 to July 31, 2024. Source: Source: Internal calculations based on data procured from www.bseindia.com

The above chart shows that if you had remained invested in stocks (as measured by the BSE Sensex) from **January 1, 1990 to July 31, 2024**, you would have earned compounded annual returns of **14.38%**.

However, if you had tried to time the ups and downs of the market, you would have risked missing out on days that registered some of the bigger gains, and the CAGR would have dropped drastically: 11.08% if you missed 10 best days, 8.82% if you missed 20 best days, 6.90% if you missed 30 best days and 5.20% if you missed 40 best days during this period.

Best days means the days on which the markets have given highest returns. Daily returns are considered for determining best days.

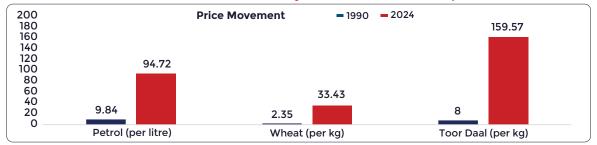


UNDERSTANDING INFLATION





Real Value of ₹100 will become ₹11.34 in 30 years at inflation of 7% p.a.



Source: Petrol costs are as on March 20, 1990 in Delhi (Source: www.in.reuters.com), and on July 31, 2024 in Delhi (Source: Ministry of Petroleum and Natural Gas). The price of wheat grains is as sold as wholesale in Maharashtra in April, 1990 (Source: Ministry of Agriculture) and on July 31, 2024 (Source: Ministry of Consumer Affairs, Food & Public Distribution). The prices of toor daal are as sold as retail in Maharashtra in April 1990 (Source: Ministry of Agriculture), and on July 31, 2024 (Source: Ministry of Consumer Affairs, Food & Public Distribution).



Inflation reduces your purchasing power. Hence, today's money will not buy you the same things tomorrow.

E.g. 1 Litre of petrol which used to cost ₹9.84 in 1990, costs ₹94.72 (2024)

Over the last 4 decades CPI Inflation in India has averaged at ~7% per year.*

A few specific examples above show how small increases over time end up increasing costs dramatically.

Investing in equities can help you beat inflation better than other asset classes and provides positive real returns over the long term#.

Questions on every investor's mind -

♦ How does inflation affect your day-to-day life?

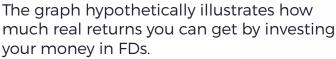
CPI - Consumer Price Index

*Source: RBI

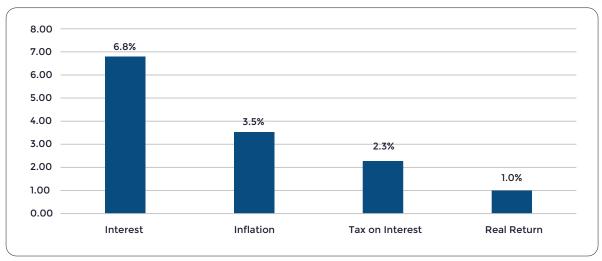
#Investments must be tailored to investor's individual situation and objectives and therefore, investors should consult their financial advisors to ascertain whether the products are suitable for them.



Real Returns in Fixed Deposits (FDs)







Assuming a tax bracket of 33.38% and a FD Rate of 6.8%.

Even though **FDs offer guaranteed returns**, after deduction of inflation and tax, the **real returns amount to hardly 1.0%** of your principal.

Equity mutual funds, on the other hand, have the potential to **beat inflation and give higher returns** over the long term.*

As of 31st July 2024, retail inflation (Consumer Price Index) was ~ 3.54%, Interest on Bank Term Deposit for a period between 1 to 2 years was 6.8%. Consequently, tax on interest would be ~ Rs 2.3 and with a real return of 1%. Although, unlike FDs, investments in mutual funds (ELSS) are subject to market risks.

Questions on every investor's mind -

Why should I not invest in a Fixed Deposit when it is giving me guaranteed returns?

*Long term capital gains upto ₹ 1.25 lakh p.a. are tax exempt. Long-term capital gains tax applicable for gains above ₹ 1.25 lakh p.a. at 12.5% + surcharge (as applicable) + 4% cess, if units are redeemed after a year, as per prevailing tax laws, which are subject to change from time to time. In view of individual nature of tax consequences, please consult your tax advisor.



Debt MFs Vs Fixed Deposits

AUM of Debt MF shows the dominance of institutional investors in the category. Retail investors AUM as a percentage of Total Debt AUM is minuscule. The primary reason behind the under penetration of Debt MFs among retail investors has been lack of understanding and awareness. Over the years, retail investors have favored Bank FDs due to their inherent nature of fixed providing return investments. However. Debt MFs tend to score over Banks FDs on other parameters which are mentioned below:



- Diversification The portfolio of Debt MF is generally spread across various issuers and securities, thus reducing the single issuer risk
- Debt MFs provide wide array of investment opportunities.
- ♦ Interest income is taxed on accrual basis in FDs while in Debt MFs income is taxed only when dividend is received or units are redeemed





Guidelines for **NEW EARNERS**

SIP for Wealth Creation

Start an SIP when you are young, the earlier you start, the power of compounding can aid in creating wealth.

Tax Savings

Investors can save tax with an aim to create wealth by investing in Equity Linked Savings Scheme (ELSS) and Notified Retirement Funds.

Contingency fund

Invest a reasonable amount in Liquid fund for any near-term contingencies (should ideally be 3-4x of Monthly Income).

Term Insurance

Buy a Term Insurance policy as the premium is low when you are in your early 20s. Sum assured should ideally be 10x of your initial annual salary.

(Please consult your financial advisor before investing)
SIP - Systematic Investment Plan



Equity Linked Savings Scheme (ELSS) -

Comparison with other investments eligible for tax deductions



| Investment Options under Sec 80C | Minimum Investment (in ₹) | Lock-in years | Returns (%) | Tax Treatment |
|---------------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------|------------------|--|
| Public Provident Fund (PPF) | 500 | 15 | 7.1% | Interest tax free |
| National Saving Certificate (NSC) | 100 | 5 | 7.7% | Interest income taxable |
| Bank FD | 1000 | 5 | 6.8% | Interest income taxable |
| Equity-Linked Saving Scheme (ELSS) | 500 | 3 | Market Linked | IDCW taxed at slab rates and capital gains taxed at 12.5%^ (IDCW: Income Distribution cum Capital Withdrawal) |

Past performance may or may not be sustained in future and is not a guarantee of any future returns. Unlike PPF, NSC & Bank FDs, investments in mutual funds (ELSS) are subject to market risks. Returns are not assured or guaranteed. Information herein is as per prevailing tax laws, which are subject to change. In view of individual nature of circumstances, please consult your professional tax / financial advisors before taking any investment decisions.

^Plus applicable surcharge and cess. ₹ 1.25 lakh exemption available for capital gains. Source: https://www.indiapost.gov.in/Financial/Pages/Content/Post-Office-Saving-Schemes.aspx https://www.sbi.co.in/web/interest-rates/deposit-rates/retail-domestic-term-deposits?inheritRedirect=true data as on 31-07-2024.



Traditional Tax Saving Avenues //s HDFC ELSS Tax Saver

Let's see how an **annual investment of** ₹1,00,000 in March every year **since 1996** would have performed till date.

| Period Ended | Amount invested (₹) | PPF Interest Rates | Investment Value in PPF @ | NIFTY 50 TRI Level | Investment value in NIFTY 50 | Investmen value in HDI ELSS Tax Sav |
|-----------------|------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------------|---|
| Mar-96 | 1,00,000 | 12.00% | 1,00,000 | 1,042 | 1,00,000 | 1,00,000 |
| Mar-97 | 1,00,000 | 12.00% | 2,12,000 | 1,024 | 1,98,275 | 1,90,400 |
| Mar-98 | 1,00,000 | 12.00% | 3,37,440 | 1,181 | 3,28,703 | 3,61,168 |
| Mar-99 | 1,00,000 | 12.00% | 4,77,933 | 1,140 | 4,17,269 | 7,75,482 |
| Mar-00 | 1,00,000 | 11.00% | 6,34,289 | 1,624 | 6,94,040 | 21,87,572 |
| Mar-01 | 1,00,000 | 9.50% | 8,03,268 | 1,230 | 6,26,030 | 14,89,519 |
| Mar-02 | 1,00,000 | 9.00% | 9,79,244 | 1,229 | 7,25,246 | 19,81,797 |
| Mar-03 | 1,00,000 | 8.00% | 11,66,560 | 1,085 | 7,40,084 | 19,60,055 |
| Mar-04 | 1,00,000 | 8.00% | 13,59,884 | 2,020 | 14,78,480 | 43,19,060 |
| Mar-05 | 1,00,000 | 8.00% | 15,68,675 | 2,370 | 18,34,210 | 73,72,099 |
| Mar-06 | 1,00,000 | 8.00% | 17,94,169 | 4,029 | 32,18,426 | 1,44,19,809 |
| Mar-07 | 1,00,000 | 8.00% | 20,37,703 | 4,606 | 37,79,419 | 1,48,12,000 |
| Mar-08 | 1,00,000 | 8.00% | 23,00,719 | 5,763 | 48,28,801 | 1,69,18,693 |
| Mar-09 | 1,00,000 | 8.00% | 25,84,776 | 3,721 | 32,17,470 | 1,09,02,389 |
| Mar-10 | 1,00,000 | 8.00% | 28,91,559 | 6,522 | 57,39,788 | 2,32,02,443 |
| Mar-11 | 1,00,000 | 8.00% | 32,22,883 | 7,328 | 65,49,417 | 2,63,74,006 |
| Mar-12 | 1,00,000 | 8.60% | 35,87,160 | 6,728 | 61,13,716 | 2,53,51,701 |
| Mar-13 | 1,00,000 | 8.80% | 40,02,830 | 7,315 | 67,46,985 | 2,57,17,046 |
| Mar-14 | 1,00,000 | 8.70% | 44,51,076 | 8,740 | 81,60,864 | 3,16,90,662 |
| Mar-15 | 1,00,000 | 8.70% | 49,38,320 | 11,202 | 1,05,59,824 | 4,56,86,312 |
| Mar-16 | 1,00,000 | 8.70% | 54,67,953 | 10,326 | 98,33,579 | 4,07,21,899 |
| Mar-17 | 1,00,000 | 8.10% | 60,20,982 | 12,407 | 1,19,15,619 | 5,40,47,414 |
| Mar-18 | 1,00,000 | 7.60% | 65,89,113 | 13,866 | 1,34,16,755 | 5,77,52,542 |
| Mar-19 | 1,00,000 | 8.00% | 72,03,064 | 16,146 | 1,57,23,476 | 6,11,36,077 |
| Mar-20 | 1,00,000 | 7.90% | 78,73,907 | 12,106 | 1,18,88,787 | 4,12,34,563 |
| Mar-21 | 1,00,000 | 7.10% | 85,32,954 | 20,887 | 2,06,12,338 | 6,78,19,612 |
| Mar-22 | 1,00,000 | 7.10% | 92,38,794 | 25,118 | 2,48,88,408 | 8,55,84,779 |
| Mar-23 | 1,00,000 | 7.10% | 99,94,748 | 25,266 | 2,51,34,975 | 9,27,79,984 |
| Mar-24 | 1,00,000 | 7.10% | 1,08,04,375 | 32.867 | 3.27.96.709 | 13.52.25.492 |

ELSS - Equity Linked Savings Scheme

Past performance may or may not be sustained in future and is not a guarantee of any future returns. The above simulation is for illustration purpose only. [®] Year end balance has been arrived at by adding interest at the rates notified by the Competent authorities from time to time. Unlike PPF, investments in Mutual Funds are subject to market risks. Hence, the performances are not strictly comparable. As NIFTY 50 TRI data is not available since 31st March 1996, performance is calculated using composite CAGR of NIFTY 50 PRI values from Mar 29, 96 (Data for March 31, 96 is not available) to Jun 29, 99 and TRI values since Jun 30, 99.



Small sacrifices can make a **HUGE DIFFERENCE!**

- Can you give up 1 cigarette per day?
- ▶ Can you drink one pint of beer less over the weekend?
- ► Can you spend less on movies / dinner?

| A small sacrifice | Skip 1 cigarette per day i.e., 365 cigarettes in a year | Skip 1 beer over weekend i.e., 52 beers over a year | Spend less on movies / dinner |
|--|---|---|---|
| Cost | Cost of 1 cigarette - ₹15 | Cost of 1 pint - ₹200 | Spend ₹1500 less on movies / dinner every month |
| Amount Saved per year (in ₹) | 5,475 | 10,400 | 18,000 |
| If you would have In | nvested the amount sa | aved annually in NIFTY | 50 TRI for 20 Years |
| Total amount invested (in ₹) | 1,09,500 | 2,08,000 | 3,60,000 |
| Accumulated amount at the end of 20 years (in ₹) | 5,09,907 | 9,68,591 | 16,76,408 |

^{*}Returns: Actual returns of Nifty 50 TRI for 20 Year Period as on 31st July, 2024.

Past performance may or may not be sustained in future and is not a guarantee of any future returns. HDFC AMC / HDFC Mutual Fund is not guaranteeing / offering / communicating any indicative yield on investments made in the scheme(s).





As per study done on behavioral finance by researchers Shlomo Benartzi and Richard Thaler, it is difficult to convince people to cut their spending now and save more, and instead simply encourage them to save more tomorrow. You can read about this concept in detail in the book **Save More Tomorrow** by Shlomo Benartzi. This concept can be smartly used with the help of SIP Top Up.

| SIP per month | ₹10,000 |
|-------------------------------|--------------|
| Period of Investment | 20 Years |
| Total Amount Invested | ₹24 Lakhs |
| Corpus at the end of 20 years | ₹1.21 Crores |
| Rate of Return* (XIRR) | 14% |

| SIP per month with Top Up | ₹10,000, increased by 10% per year |
|-------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Period of Investment | 20 Years |
| Total Amount Invested | ₹69 Lakhs |
| Corpus at the end of 20 years | ₹2.39 Crore |
| Rate of Return* (XIRR) | 15% |

Topping up / increasing a ₹10,000 SIP by just 10% every year increased the corpus at the end of 20 years by 98%.

Advantages of SIP Top Up

- Adapt your investments / savings to your rising income levels
- Reach your financial goals faster
- Fight inflation
 - Ease of transacting on digital platforms

SIP - Systematic Investment Plan. *CAGR returns are computed after accounting for the cash flow by using XIRR method. 20 Years Returns as on 31st July, 2024. Past Performance may or may not be sustained in future and is not a guarantee of any future returns. HDFC AMC / HDFC Mutual Fund is not guaranteeing / offering /communicating any indicative yield on investments made in the scheme(s)



STARTING EARLY AND COST OF DELAY

Mr. A started investing ₹9,000 every month at the age of 35; while Mr. B started investing ₹15,000 every month at the age of 45. Both invested ₹27 lakhs till the age of 60.

Starts investing at the age of (in years)

Monthly SIP instalment (in ₹)

Total Investment (₹ in Lakhs)

Rate of Return* (XIRR)

Accumulated value at the end

Investment till the age of (in years)

| Mr. A | Mr. B |
|-------|--------|
| 35 | 45 |
| 9,000 | 15,000 |
| 60 | 60 |
| 27 | 27 |

2.6 Crore

15.21%

At the end of the investment period, Mr. A's investments grew to 2.6 Cr; while that of Mr. B grew to 89.6 Lakhs - a difference of more than 1.5 Cr.

This is what starting to invest early in your life can do to your wealth.

If Mr.B wanted to accumulate similar wealth as Mr. A, he would have had to invest ₹43,078 every month, i.e. ~5 times the monthly instalment amount of Mr. A.

So, start early and avoid the cost of delay.

Questions on every investor's mind -

- Why is starting to invest early so critical?
- What will be the cost of delaying investment by few years?

Past Performance may or may not be sustained in future and is not a guarantee of any future returns. HDFC AMC / HDFC Mutual Fund is not guaranteeing / offering /communicating any indicative yield on investments made in the scheme(s)



89.6 Lakhs

14.63%

^{*}Returns: Actual SIP Returns of Nifty 50 TRI for 15 and 25 Year period as on 31st July, 2024.

REPAY YOUR HOME LOAN SMARTLY!!

Assume you have taken a **home loan of ₹32 lakh** in 2004 at the rate of **8.50% p.a.** The EMI payable for **15 year period** would be ₹ **31,512**. However, if you extend the **loan period to 20 years**, the same EMI would reduce to ₹ **27,770**.

So rather than taking a shorter loan period, opt for 20 year loan period you could start an **SIP** of the differential amount i.e. ₹3,742 in an Equity Mutual Fund scheme of your choice#.

| An Illustration: Who is smarter at repaying a home loan of ₹ 32 Lakhs? | Mr. X | Mr. Y |
|--|------------|-------------|
| Loan repayment term | 15 years | 20 years |
| EMI per month started in 2004 (in ₹) | 31,512 (A) | 27,770 (B) |
| SIP per month in NIFTY 50 TRI in 2004 (in ₹) | | 3,742 (A-B) |
| After 15 years | | |
| Total EMI paid (in ₹) | 56,72,160 | 49,98,600 |
| Total SIP Investment (in ₹) | NIL | 6,73,560 |
| Principal outstanding (in ₹) | NIL | 13,53,559 |
| Total SIP Corpus (in ₹) | | 22,34,797 |
| SIP corpus left after paying O/S principal (in ₹) | | 8,81,238 |
| Rate of Return* (XIRR) of NIFTY 50 TRI (p.a.) | | 14.63% |

^{*}Returns: Actual SIP returns of Nifty 50 TRI for 15 and 20 Year period as on 31st July, 2024.

#Past performance may or may not be sustained in future and is not a guarantee of any future returns. #HDFC AMC / HDFC Mutual Fund is not guaranteeing / offering / communicating any indicative yield on investments made in the scheme(s).



Alternatively, if you cannot opt for a 20 year home loan due to any reason, you can choose to set aside a marginal amount (0.25% of loan amount of ₹32 lakh) from your savings to start an SIP with an aim to recover the interest on your loan.

| Principal (in ₹) | 32,00,000 |
|---|-----------|
| EMI (in ₹) | 31,512 |
| Total EMI to be paid over 15 years (in ₹) | 56,72,160 |
| Hence, total interest to be paid (in ₹) | 24,72,160 |

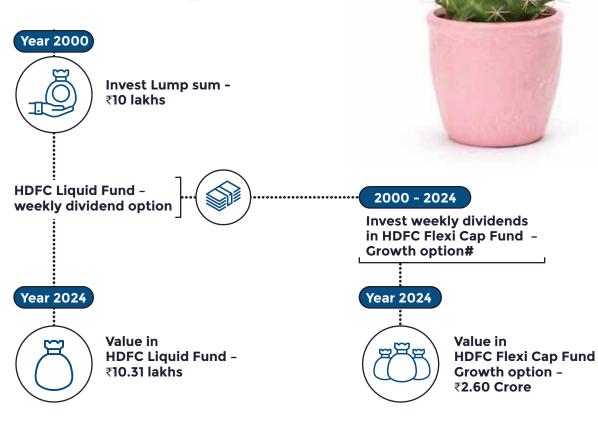
Start an SIP which is 0.25 % of loan amount

| SIP per month in Nifty 50 TRI (in ₹) | 8,000 (Monthly SIP as a % of Loan Principal) |
|---|--|
| Total SIPs over 15 years (in ₹) | 14,40,000 |
| Eventual value of SIP after 15 years (in ₹) | 47,77,760 |
| Capital Appreciation (in ₹) | 33,37,760 |
| Difference (SIP Appreciation-Interest on Loan) (in ₹) | 8,65,600 |
| Rate of Return* (XIRR) | 14.63% |

*Returns: Actual SIP returns of Nifty 50 TRI for 15 and 20 Year period as on 31st July, 2024. Past performance may or may not be sustained in future and is not a guarantee of any future returns. HDFC AMC/HDFC Mutual Fund is not guaranteeing / offering / communicating any indicative yield on investments made in the scheme(s).



How to mitigate risk in a portfolio?



Change in Asset allocation from 2000 to 2024

| Year* | Equity (%) | Debt (%) |
|-------|------------|----------|
| 2001 | 0 | 100 |
| 2003 | 16 | 84 |
| 2005 | 40 | 60 |
| 2010 | 74 | 26 |
| 2015 | 86 | 14 |
| 2021 | 91 | 9 |
| 2024 | 96 | 4 |

^{*}Allocation is as on March end of the respective years.

This is only an illustration. Returns are not assured. Mutual Fund investments are subject to market risks. # The equity component would always be at risk. For complete performance disclosure of HDFC Liquid Fund and HDFC Flexi Cap Fund, refer pages 46 and 42. Source: Internal computation based on NAVs Values as on 31st July, 2024; Start Date - 18th October 2000.





Guidelines for a MARRIED INVESTOR WITH KIDS

Term Insurance and Mediclaim

Buy a Term Insurance policy that may help the surviving family members in case of an eventuality. Buy a Medical Floater Policy to cover medical expenses for the entire family.

Goal Based Investments through Lumpsum or SIP

Start investing for your Children's Education and your own Retirement through Goal Based Funds. These funds aim to create wealth and also maintain discipline. You should also consider Topping up your existing SIPs.

Contingency fund

Invest a reasonable amount in Liquid fund for any near-term contingencies (should ideally be 3-4x of Monthly Income).

Ensure **Disciplined Spending and maintain Asset Allocation** by diversifying your investments.



Asset Allocation

"Don't put all your eggs in one basket".

It's an age old saying and applies to investments as well.

Asset Allocation is one of the important steps in one's investment strategy. It means to diversify investment portfolio among different asset categories such as:



Equity - Equity represents shares of ownership in a company. They have a potential for capital growth with high volatility.



Debt - Debt represents fixed Income/bonds which means loan given to a borrower for a specified time period in return of regular interest payments. They have a potential for stable growth with low volatility.



Cash - Cash is suitable for very short term needs such as parking money for emergency needs or for surplus fund where the investment is undecided.



Gold - Gold is a hedge against inflation and currency risk.

Asset Allocation Strategies

There are two types of Asset Allocation strategies:

1 Strategic Asset Allocation

- Risk profiling to identify whether you are a conservative investor or an aggressive investor.
- Time frame to identify how much time is there for each of your goals.
- Return requirement Return requirement is expected returns, based on which calculations are made for desired corpus.

One of the simple examples of Strategic Asset Allocation is **Age based asset allocation.**100 minus your age is your equity allocation, as you grow old your equity allocation will decrease and debt allocation will increase.

2 Tactical Asset Allocation

Tactical asset allocation is view based and decision is made based on the behaviour of the market.

If you believe that market will move up, you will increase your allocation towards equity or if you believe the interest rate are going to fall, you will increase your allocation towards GILT funds (which is part of Debt).



Why Asset Allocation? Winners Rotate

No single asset classes has consistently delivered highest return year after year and different asset classes perform differently under different market cycles. Winner of one year may become loser in the following year and vice-a-versa.

The table below shows importance of diversifying within the asset classes while creating the portfolio. Schemes should be selected in a way that all schemes should not go up or fall together thereby reducing overall risk of portfolio.

The table below shows how various indices have performed year-on-year basis:

| FY2008 | FY2009 | FY2010 | FY2011 | FY2012 | FY2013 | FY2014 | FY2015 | FY2016 | FY2017 | FY2018 | FY2019 | FY2020 | FY2021 | FY2022 | FY2023 | FY2024 |
|---|--|---|---|---|--|---|--|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| NIFTY Smallcap 250 TRI 31.3% | Gold 24.2% | NIFTY Smallcap 250 TRI 141.4% | Gold 28.1% | Gold 32.0% | NIFTY 10 yr Benchmark G-Sec 11.4% | NIFTY Smallcap 250 TRI 21.7% | NIFTY Smallcap 250 TRI 64.4% | Gold 10.3% | NIFTY Smallcap 250 TRI 40.6% | NIFTY Midcap 150 TRI 16.7% | NIFTY 100 TRI 14.0% | Gold 35.6% | NIFTY Smallcap 250 TRI 118.7% | NIFTY Smallcap 250 TRI 37.0% | Gold 10.6% | NIFTY Smallcap 250 TRI 64.1% |
| Gold 30.2% | NIFTY Corporate Bond Index B-III 13.0% | NIFTY Midcap 150 TRI 135.8% | NIFTY Smallcap 250 TRI 11.4% | NIFTY Corporate Bond Index B-III 8.3% | NIFTY Corporate Bond Index B-III 11.2% | NIFTY 100 TRI 19.6% | NIFTY Midcap 150 TRI 61.6% | NIFTY Corporate Bond Index B-III 8.5% | NIFTY Midcap 150 TRI 37.2% | NIFTY Large Midcap 250 TRI 14.6% | | NIFTY 10 yr Benchmark G-Sec 14.3% | NIFTY Midcap 150 TRI 101.6% | NIFTY Midcap 150 TRI 25.0% | NIFTY Corporate Bond Index B-III 4.4% | NIFTY Midcap 150 TRI 57.5% |
| NIFTY 100 TRI 23.9% | NIFTY 10 yr Benchmark G-Sec 10.5% | NIFTY Large Midcap 250 TRI 107.6% | NIFTY Midcap 150 TRI 7.1% | NIFTY 10 yr Benchmark G-Sec 3.4% | NIFTY 100 TRI 8.8% | NIFTY Large Midcap 250 TRI 18.6% | NIFTY Large Midcap 250 TRI 45.9% | NIFTY 10 yr Benchmark G-Sec 7.8% | NIFTY Large Midcap 250 TRI 29.9% | NIFTY Smallcap 250 TRI 12.9% | NIFTY Large Midcap 250 TRI 6.5% | NIFTY Corporate Bond Index B-III 9.0% | NIFTY Large Midcap 250 TRI 85.9% | NIFTY Large Midcap 250 TRI 22.9% | NIFTY 10 yr Benchmark G-Sec 3.3% | NIFTY Large Midcap 250 TRI 46.0% |
| NIFTY Large Midcap 250 TRI 23.2% | NIFTY 100 TRI -36.6% | NIFTY 100 TRI 84.9% | NIFTY Corporate Bond Index B-III 6.3% | NIFTY Midcap 150 TRI -4.6% | NIFTY Large Midcap 250 TRI 6.5% | NIFTY Midcap 150 TRI 16.7% | NIFTY 100 TRI 31.1% | NIFTY Midcap 150 TRI -1.7% | NIFTY 100 TRI 22.6% | NIFTY 100 TRI 12.2% | NIFTY 10 yr Benchmark G-Sec 6.1% | NIFTY 100 TRI -24.9% | NIFTY 100 TRI 71.2% | NIFTY 100 TRI 20.6% | NIFTY Midcap 150 TRI 2.8% | NIFTY 100 TRI 34.8% |
| NIFTY Midcap 150 TRI 21.5% | NIFTY Large Midcap 250 TRI -42.9% | Gold 7.7% | NIFTY 10 yr Benchmark G-Sec 4.9% | NIFTY Large Midcap 250 TRI -6.3% | NIFTY Midcap 150 TRI 4.5% | NIFTY Corporate Bond Index B-III 8.1% | | NIFTY Large Midcap 250 TRI -4.3% | NIFTY 10 yr Benchmark G-Sec 11.9% | Gold 7.5% | Gold 3.3% | NIFTY Large Midcap 250 TRI -27.5% | NIFTY Corporate Bond Index B-III 9.9% | Gold 19.0% | NIFTY Large Midcap 250 TRI 0.6% | Gold 13.5% |
| NIFTY Corporate Bond Index B-III 9.5% | NIFTY Midcap 150 TRI -48.5% | NIFTY Corporate Bond Index B-III 6.1% | NIFTY Large Midcap 250 TRI 4.7% | NIFTY 100 TRI -7.8% | Gold 2.6% | NIFTY 10 yr Benchmark G-Sec -1.1% | NIFTY Corporate Bond Index B-III 10.8% | NIFTY Smallcap 250 TRI -5.9% | NIFTY Corporate Bond Index B-III 9.2% | NIFTY Corporate Bond Index B-III 7.1% | NIFTY Midcap 150 TRI -0.6% | NIFTY Midcap 150 TRI -30.1% | NIFTY 10 yr Benchmark G-Sec 3.3% | NIFTY Corporate Bond Index B-III 6.2% | NIFTY 100 TRI -1.6% | NIFTY 10 yr Benchmark G-Sec 8.9% |
| NIFTY 10 yr Benchmark G-Sec 8.4% | NIFTY Smallcap 250 TRI -54.9% | NIFTY 10 yr Benchmark G-Sec 0.3% | NIFTY 100 TRI 0.9% | NIFTY Smallcap 250 TRI -8.6% | NIFTY Smallcap 250 TRI -5.3% | Gold -11.0% | Gold -3.9% | NIFTY 100 TRI -6.9% | Gold -1.3% | NIFTY 10 yr Benchmark G-Sec 0.0% | NIFTY Smallcap 250 TRI -12.4% | NIFTY Smallcap 250 TRI -40.2% | Gold 1.6% | NIFTY 10 yr Benchmark G-Sec 1.0% | NIFTY Smallcap 250 TRI -6.0% | NIFTY Corporate Bond Index B-III 7.8% |

| Legend | NIFTY 100 TRI | NIFTY Large Midcap 250 TRI | NIFTY Midcap 150 TRI | NIFTY Smallcap 250 TRI | NIFTY Corporate Bond Index B-III | NIFTY 10 yr Benchmark G-Sec | Gold |
|-------------|---------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|------|
| Asset Class | Equity | | | | De | ebt | Gold |

Disclaimer: Past performance may or may not be sustained in future and is not a guarantee of any future returns. Liquid is represented by Crisil Liquid Fund Index, CILT is represented by Cisil Dynamic Gilt Index, Corporate Bond is represented by Nifty Corporate Bond Index, Credit Risk is represented by Nifty Credit Risk Bond Index, Large Cap is represented by Nifty 100 TRI, Midcap is represented by Nifty Midcap 100 TRI, small cap is represented by Nifty Small Cap 100 index and Gold is represented by World Gold Council INR. Source: www.amfiindia.com and Gold prices from World Gold Council



Equity Allocation and Risk Appetite

How much equity exposure should an individual investor have?

- ◆ As much as one does not need for a long term (minimum 5 to 7 years)
- As much investment wherein one can digest a temporary erosion to the tune of 25% to 30%
- As much equity which keeps one financially and emotionally stable (if one is temperamentally weak and gets disturbed with any short term volatility then one needs to have commensurate exposure to equity)

Once an investor is convinced of these points, he/she can start investing based on his/her asset allocation, irrespective of market valuation.

Investments must be tailored to investor's individual situation and objectives and therefore, investors should consult their financial advisors to ascertain whether the products are suitable for them.

EQUITY SCHEMES - Our Offerings

Equity

Active

EQUITY HDFC Flexi Cap Fund

HDFC Multi Cap Fund HDFC Top 100 Fund **HDFC Mid-Cap Opportunities Fund HDFC Small Cap Fund** HDFC Large and Mid Cap Fund HDFC Capital Builder Value Fund **HDFC Dividend Yield Fund** HDFC Focused 30 Fund **HDFC Business Cycle Fund HDFC Banking & Financial Services Fund HDFC Housing Opportunities Fund HDFC Infrastructure Fund** HDFC MNC Fund **HDFC ELSS Tax saver HDFC Transportation and Logistics Fund HDFC Defence Fund HDFC Technology Fund** HDFC Pharma and Healthcare Fund HDFC Manufacturing Fund **HDFC Non-Cyclical Consumer Fund**

HYBRID

HDFC Arbitrage Fund HDFC Balanced Advantage Fund HDFC Hybrid Equity Fund HDFC Multi-Asset Fund HDFC Equity Savings Fund HDFC Hybrid Debt Fund

SOLUTION ORIENTED

HDFC Children's Gift Fund HDFC Retirement Savings Fund-Equity Plan HDFC Retirement Savings Fund - Hybrid Equity Plan HDFC Retirement Savings Fund - Hybrid Debt Plan

Passive

INDEX FUND HDFC Index Fund - NIFTY 50 Plan

HDFC Index Fund - BSE SENSEX Plan
HDFC NIFTY 100 Index Fund
HDFC NIFTY 100 Equal Weight Index Fund
HDFC NIFTY 100 Equal Weight Index Fund
HDFC NIFTY Next 50 Index Fund
HDFC NIFTY Midcap 150 Index Fund
HDFC NIFTY Smallcap 250 Index Fund
HDFC NIFTY Smallcap 250 Index Fund
HDFC NIFTY 200 Momentum 30 Index Fund
HDFC NIFTY Realty Index Fund
HDFC NIFTY 100 Low Volatility 30 Index Fund
HDFC NIFTY100 Low Volatility 30 Index Fund
HDFC NIFTY100 Momentum 35 Index Fund

ETF

HDFC NIFTY 50 ETF HDFC BSE SENSEX ETF **HDFC NIFTY Bank ETF** HDFC NIFTY 100 ETF **HDFC NIFTY Next 50 ETF** HDFC NIFTY50 VALUE 20 ETF HDFC NIFTY100 Quality 30 ETF **HDFC NIFTY Growth Sectors 15 ETF** HDFC NIFTY100 Low Volatility 30 ETF HDFC NIFTY200 Momentum 30 ETF HDFC NIFTY IT ETF **HDFC NIFTY Private Bank ETF HDFC NIFTY Midcap 150 ETF** HDFC NIFTY Smallcap 250 ETF HDFC BSE 500 ETF **HDFC Gold ETF HDFC Silver ETF HDFC NIFTY PSU Bank ETF** HDFC NIFTY 1D RATE LIQUID ETF

FUND OF FUNDS

HDFC Gold Fund
HDFC Silver ETF Fund of Fund
HDFC Developed World
Indexes Fund of Funds
HDFC Asset Allocator Fund of Funds
HDFC Dynamic PE Ratio Fund of Fund





Disclaimer: In view of the individual circumstances and risk tolerance, each investor is advised to consult his / her professional advisor before making a decision to invest.*Arbitrage Fund is also classified as hybrid fund but is not considered for potential long term capital appreciation, hence not covered in this presentation. \$ The Fund invest in equity, debt and gold ETF schemes and thus indirectly takes exposure to various asset classes. ** Total Hedged and Unhedged allocation will be minimum 65%. Model based investment. # Unhedged equity exposure shall be limited to 90%. All allocation is percentage of Total Asset. Investors in the Scheme shall bear the recurring expenses of the Scheme in addition to the expenses of other schemes in which this Fund of Funds scheme makes investment (subject to regulatory limits).

HYBRID FUNDS

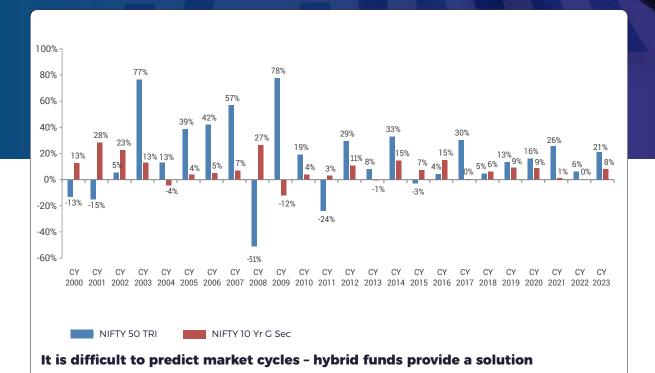
Investor 1 invests ₹100 in equity and debt separately, with 25% of his capital in Equity - NIFTY 50 TRI and rest 75% in Debt - Crisil Composite Bond Fund on 31st March 2019. Investor 2, on the other hand, invests ₹ 100 in a HDFC Hybrid Debt Fund which has the same asset allocation on 31st March 2019. Let's see what happens in 2 years.

| | Inves | Investor 2 | |
|--|--------------------------|---|--------------------------------------|
| | Equity - Nifty 50 TRI | Debt - Crisil Composite bond fund | ₹100 invested in Hybrid Debt Fund |
| Asset Allocation in the beginning as on 1st Apr'19 | 25% (₹25) | 75% (₹75) | (75% Debt and 25% Equity) |
| Year 1 Returns as on 31st March 2020* | -25% | 13% | -3% |
| Investor decision after year 1 | Sells due to losses | Hold | Hold |
| Year 2 Returns as on 31st March 2021* | 73% | 8% | 22% |
| Asset Allocation after Year 1 | 0% | 100% | |
| CAGR | N.A. | 6% | 9% |
| Value of ₹100 invested after 2 years | | 111.78 | 118.34 |

*Returns: Actual returns of Nifty 50 TRI between April 01, 2019 and March 31, 2020 and from April 01, 2020 and March 31, 2021. Actual returns of CRISIL Composite debt Fund between April 01, 2019 and March 31, 2020 and from April 01, 2020 and March 31, 2021. Actual returns of HDFC Hybrid Debt Fund between April 01, 2019 and March 31, 2020 and from April 01, 2020 and March 31, 2021. Past performance may or may not be sustained in future and is not a guarantee of any future returns. HDFC AMC / HDFC Mutual Fund is not guaranteeing / offering / communicating any indicative yield on investments made in the scheme(s). Hybrid products tend to have lower volatility and thereby reduces panic amongst investors. For complete performance disclosure of HDFC Hybrid Debt Fund a, refer page 47 & 48.



Equity and Debt cycles



Over the years, it has been observed that performance of various asset classes keep on changing and **no single asset class continues to outperform or underperform**

The above asset classes are not strictly comparable as different asset classes have different risk profile.

As **hybrid funds** invest in both, equity and debt, it can be an **better solution** for a retail investor, with low to moderate risk appetite.





Guidelines for an investor at **Pre-Retirement stage***

Consider moving your investments into **low** risk asset class like Equity Oriented Hybrid and opt for Systematic Withdrawal Plan that can provide you with monthly cash flows post retirement in a tax efficient manner.

Consider keeping some investments in equities as it may provide a hedge against longevity risk.

SWP VS IDCW (Income Distribution cum Capital Withdrawal)

The below table shows the difference between withdrawing money regularly through SWP and receiving IDCW.

| Systematic Withdrawal Plan | IDCW |
|--|---|
| Withdrawals through SWP is subject to capital gains tax | IDCW are taxed at marginal income tax rate. |
| Tax is paid only when there is a gain | Dividend is paid irrespective of market movements, and tax is payable for every IDCW paid. |
| Tax Exemption of ₹1.25 Lakh available for LTCG | No exemption |
| Monthly cash flow under SWP is assured | Cash flow is subject to availability of distribut- able surplus in the scheme. IDCW declaration is at the discretion of the Trustee. |

It is advisable to choose a SWP amount lower than the expected return. If we opt for a higher amount for withdrawal, we may end up withdrawing our capital. If you decide to opt for this facility, you should be aware that the withdrawals would also take place from the principal amount invested.

Retail investors may be better off opting for SWP under Growth option over IDCW option, as it helps to provide monthly cash flow in a tax efficient manner.

Note: There is no assurance or guarantee to Unit holders as to the rate/quantum of IDCW distribution nor that IDCW will be paid regularly.

*Upto 5 years before retirement. SWP - Systematic Withdrawal Plan,

LTCG - Long Term Capital Gain. Above is as per prevailing tax law, which are subject to change. Always consult your tax advisor before taking investment decisions. Systematic Withdrawal Plan IDCW.



A tax efficient option - SWP



SWP IN THE FIRST YEAR OF INVESTMENT

Short term capital gains tax at 20% only on the gains made.

SWP AFTER THE FIRST YEAR OF INVESTMENT

LTCG tax @ 12.5% only on the gains made, subject to exemption# of ₹1.25 lakh for the financial year.



SWP IN
DEBT
MUTUAL
FUNDS

SWP IN THE FIRST 3 YEARS OF INVESTMENT

Short term capital gains tax at applicable tax slab of the investor only on the gains made.

A careful understanding of SWP brings out the tax efficiency of the facility. It is important to see how SWP can be beneficial to a particular investor.

SWP - Systematic Withdrawal Plan, LTCG - Long Term Capital Gain # Exemption of ₹ 1.25 lakh includes LTCG on transfer of equity share in a company or a unit of an equity oriented fund or a unit of a business trust. The same will be taxed without indexation and without foreign currency fluctuation benefit. Above is as per prevailing tax laws, which are subject to change. Always consult your tax advisor before



Tax impact explained

Mr. Sharma opts for SWP in the growth option of a equity oriented mutual fund. In SWP, every withdrawal consists of principal component and gain component. Tax is applicable only on the gain component. Gain component is smaller as compared to principal component during initial withdrawals. Hence, tax is lower.

Over time, the principal component of the payout decreases giving way to the gain component. Let us consider the example below:

Initial Investment: ₹12.00.000

SWP amount each month: ₹8.000

Total withdrawal over 12 months: ₹96.000

Tax Paid: ₹ 3.058

Taxes paid on gain as percentage of total withdrawal over 12 months: 3.19%

30% tax on interest bearing traditional investments

Refer the table below for detailed calculations:

his/her professional advisor.

| Date | NAVs* (₹) | Cash flow (₹) | Units Withdrawn | Units Outstanding | Principal Component (₹) | Income Component (₹) | Value of Investment (₹) |
|----------|--------------|------------------|--------------------|----------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------|
| 1-Jul-23 | 1,254.52 | 12,00,000 | 956.54 | 956.54 | | | 12,00,000 |
| 1-Aug-23 | 1,311.20 | -8,000 | -6.10 | 950.44 | 7654 | 346 | 12,46,218 |
| 1-Sep-23 | 1,325.15 | -8,000 | -6.04 | 944.40 | 7574 | 426 | 12,51,469 |
| 1-Oct-23 | 1,335.28 | -8,000 | -5.99 | 938.41 | 7516 | 484 | 12,53,043 |
| 1-Nov-23 | 1,298.21 | -8,000 | -6.16 | 932.25 | 7731 | 269 | 12,10,251 |
| 1-Dec-23 | 1,410.76 | -8,000 | -5.67 | 926.58 | 7114 | 886 | 13,07,181 |
| 1-Jan-24 | 1,507.01 | -8,000 | -5.31 | 921.27 | 6660 | 1340 | 13,88,363 |
| 1-Feb-24 | 1,546.71 | -8,000 | -5.17 | 916.10 | 6489 | 1511 | 14,16,934 |
| 1-Mar-24 | 1,604.76 | -8,000 | -4.99 | 911.11 | 6254 | 1746 | 14,62,111 |
| 1-Apr-24 | 1,619.70 | -8,000 | -4.94 | 906.17 | 6196 | 1804 | 14,67,724 |
| 1-May-24 | 1,658.10 | -8,000 | -4.82 | 901.35 | 6053 | 1947 | 14,94,520 |
| 1-Jun-24 | 1,693.16 | -8,000 | -4.72 | 896.62 | 5927 | 2073 | 15,18,122 |
| 1-Jul-24 | 1,811.61 | -8,000 | -4.42 | 892.21 | 5540 | 2460 | 16,16,330 |

| Total Value Returned | Total | 3,058 | 17,12,330 |
|----------------------|-------|-------|-----------|
| Tax To Be Paid | | | 3,058 |
| Post Tax Return | | | 17,09,271 |

| Particulars | SWAP Value | Principal | Taxable Income | Tax to be Paid | Tax as a % of | Units | Value of |
|-------------|------------|--------------|----------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|------------|
| | (₹) | Returned (₹) | (₹) | @ 20% (₹) | SWAP (%) | Outstanding | Investment |
| Amount | 96,000 | 80,708 | 15,292 | 3,058 | 3.19% | 892.21 | 16,16,330 |

SWP works out to be a tax efficient solution to structuring regular payouts.

SWP works out to be a tax efficient solution to structuring regular payouts.

SWP - Systematic Withdrawal Plan. SWP is a facility to withdraw fixed amount periodically from the investments by redeeming units. Thus, withdrawals happen from capital and appreciation portion of the investments. Short Term Capital Gains Tax rate applicable currently are 20% plus applicable surcharge and cess, for equity oriented hybrid schemes. The above table is based on assumptions for illustration purpose only purely to explain the concept of SWP and should not be construed as providing any kind of investment advice or as a substitute for any kind of financial planning. Past Performance may or may not be sustained in future and is not a guarantee of any future returns. HDFC Mutual Fund / HDFC AMC is not guaranteeing any returns on investments made in the Scheme. The result of the calculations generated in the above illustration may not be accurate. Ideally SWP from equity oriented scheme should be started after completion of 1 year so that the gains are taxed under long term capital gains tax. Due to the personal nature of investments and financial planning, investors are advised to consult his/her professional advisor.

ILLUSTRATION OF SWP SIP for 15 years SIP for 20 years SIP for 25 years and SWP for the and SWP for the and SWP for the Illustration next 15 years next 10 years next 5 years Monthly SIP amount in ₹5.000 ₹5,000 ₹5.000 Nifty 50 TRI SIP tenure in years 15 20 25 16.33% 14.76% Rate of Return* (XIRR) 13.18% Total amount invested ₹9.00.000 ₹12,00,000 ₹15.00.000 through SIP Value at the end of SIP ₹34.22.002 ₹63.78.070 ₹1.01.75.987

SWP starts after the completion of SIP investment

| Monthly SWP amount | ₹10,000 | ₹25,000 | ₹70,000 |
|-----------------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| SWP tenure in Years | 15 | 10 | 5 |
| Total SWP amount (A) | ₹18,00,000 | ₹30,00,000 | ₹42,00,000 |
| Value at the end of SWP years (B) | ₹1,61,66,839 | ₹1,66,78,064 | ₹1,74,88,962 |

SWP - Systematic Withdrawal Plan, SIP - Systematic Investment Plan. *Rate of return is calculated by taking Actual SIP returns of Nifty 50 TRI for 15 Years (01/09/1994 - 01/08/2009) and SWP for 15 Years (01/09/2009 - 01/08/2024), for 20 Years SIP (01/09/1994 - 01/08/2014) and SWP for 10 Years (01/09/2014 - 01/08/2024), for 25 Years SIP (01/09/1994 - 01/08/2019) and SWP for 5 years (01/09/2019 - 01/08/2024). Since the Index values of Nifty 50 TRI are available from 30-June-1999, PRI values have been used for the calculation of Actual SIP returns .SWAP is a facility to withdraw fixed amount periodically from the investments by redeeming units. Thus, withdrawals happen from capital and appreciation portion of the investments. The above table is purely to explain the concept of SWAP and should not be construed as providing any kind of investment advice or as a substitute for any kind of financial planning. The above is not an indication/assurance of any return that may be earned by using this facility. Past Performance may or may not be sustained in future and is not a guarantee of any future returns. HDFC Mutual Fund/HDFC AMC is not guaranteeing any returns on investments made in the Scheme.

The result of the calculations generated in the above illustration may not be accurate. Calculations are based on assumptions provided above. Due to the personal nature of investments and financial planning, investors are advised to consult his/her professional advisor.



Avenues for Investment for Retirement

| Criteria | National Pension Scheme (Tier I) | Public Provident Fund | HDFC Retirement Savings Fund |
|---------------------------------------|---|--|--|
| Account Holder | Individuals | Individuals | Individuals |
| Eligibility | 18-70 years | Any Resident Indian | Above the age of 18 |
| Where can you invest? | Authorized Points of Presence (PoPs), i.e., almost all banks and several other financial institutions | At banks or the Post Office, including their online portals | Any Investor Service Center of HDFC Mutual Fund/HDFC MF Online/Official Points of Acceptance for the Scheme |
| Number of Accounts | Only one account per person | Only one account per person | No restriction |
| Rate of returns | Market-linked Returns | As per Government declarations | Market-linked Returns |
| Limitation on contributions | No limits | Rs. 1.5 lakh per financial year | No limits |
| Minimum Investment | Per contribution - Rs. 500 Per Financial Year - Rs. 1,000 | Rs. 500 per financial year | First purchase - Rs. 100, and any amount thereafter Additional purchase - Rs. 100, and any amount thereafter |
| Penalties for discontinuing investing | Account will be frozen. For unfreezing, pay minimum required amount | Account shall be frozen, penalty of Rs. 50 for each defaulted year for reactivation | No |
| Nature of holding | Financial | Financial | Financial |

Source: NSDL (Central Recordkeeping Agency for National Pension System), Department of Posts (Ministry of Communications, Government of India), National Pension System Trust.



| Criteria | National Pension Scheme (Tier I) | Public Provident Fund | HDFC Retirement Savings Fund |
|-------------------------|---|---|--|
| Storage and safety risk | Low | Low | Low |
| Maturity Tenure | Attainment of age 60 | After 15 financial years, excluding the financial year of account opening; tenure can then be further extended in blocks of 5 years, and so on | No limits |
| Lock-in | Until the subscriber reaches the age of 60 years | 5 financial years excluding the financial year of account opening | 5 years or till the attainment of age 60, whichever is earlier |
| Withdrawal restrictions | Partial withdrawal up to 25% after 3 years of account opening is permitted for specific purposes like child's marriage, higher education, treatment of critical illnesses for self, spouse or parents, buying home etc. | 1 withdrawal during a financial year after five years excluding year of account opening Amount of withdrawal can be taken up to 50% of balance at the credit at the end of 4th preceding year or at the end of preceding year, whichever is lower. | None, post lock-in |

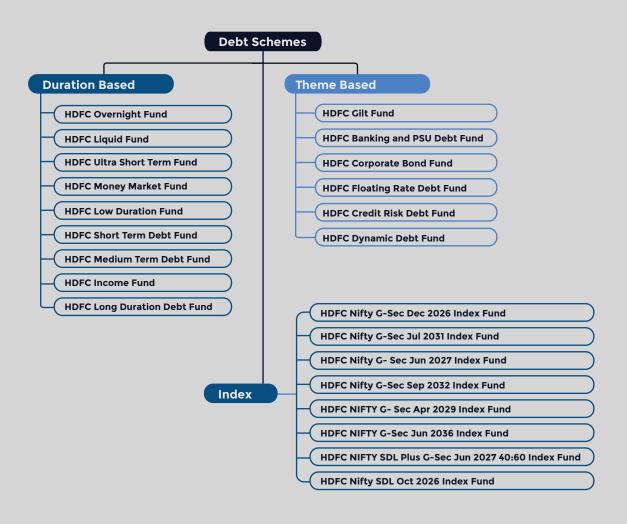
Source: NSDL (Central Recordkeeping Agency for National Pension System), Department of Posts (Ministry of Communications, Government of India), National Pension System Trust

| Criteria | National Pension Scheme (Tier I) | Public Provident Fund | HDFC Retirement Savings Fund |
|--|---|--|---|
| Liquidity | Low | Low | High, post completion of lock-in period |
| 5 Year CAGR [^] | Scheme E - 18.92% Scheme C - 7.36% Scheme G - 6.99% | 7.1% | Equity Plan - 25.66%* Hybrid Equity Plan - 18.66%* Hybrid Debt Plan - 9.26%* |
| Tax Benefits | A maximum deduction from taxable income of up to Rs. 2 lakh u/s 80CCD (1) and 80CCD (1b) | A maximum deduction from taxable income of up to Rs. 1.5 lakh u/s 80C | A pension scheme notified u/s 80C, providing a maximum deduction from taxable income of up to Rs. 1.5 lakh |
| Taxation on withdrawal/ redemption | Lump sum withdrawal: Up to 60% is exempt from tax | Both interest earned and amount withdrawn at maturity are exempt from tax | Capital gains applicable to sale of equity/debt oriented mutual funds, depending on the plan invested in |
| | Annuity income: Taxed every year according to Income Tax slabs | | |

^As on July 31 ,2024. ~Returns are for Tier I NPS schemes managed by SBI Pension Funds (As on end July 31 ,2024. As on July 31 ,2024, Scheme E has invested 98.31% of the portfolio in Equity instruments, Scheme C has invested 94.26% of the portfolio in PSU/PFI bonds and Private and Infrastructure Corporate Bonds, and Scheme G has invested 98.07% of the portfolio in Central Government Securities and State Development Loans. Past performance may or may not be sustained in future and is not a guarantee of any future returns. *For complete performance details refer Page 43-45 and scheme and benchmark risk-o-meters refer Page 49-60.



Debt Schemes -Our Offerings





Invest with peace of mind

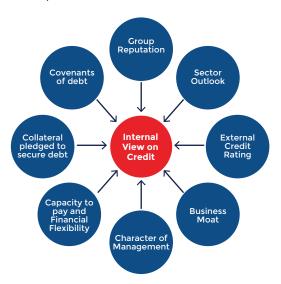
HDFC MF's Approach to Credit Risk



Focus on SLR, generally in that order

Multi-faceted Credit Process

Independent credit evaluation based on multiple factors.



Credit Execution

Proprietary Credit Score Model based sizing of exposure and resultant diversification aims to add another layer of protection.

| Diversific | cation and Sizing |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| Proprietary Credit Scoring Model | Factors view on Group, Relevant financial parameters, Internal Rating and Outlook. |
| Scheme Exposure (% of AUM) | Function of credit score; weaker the score, lower the percentage limit of issuer |
| Cumulative Mutual Fund Exposure | Function of credit score, balance sheet size, diversity of liabilities, capital market exposure etc. |

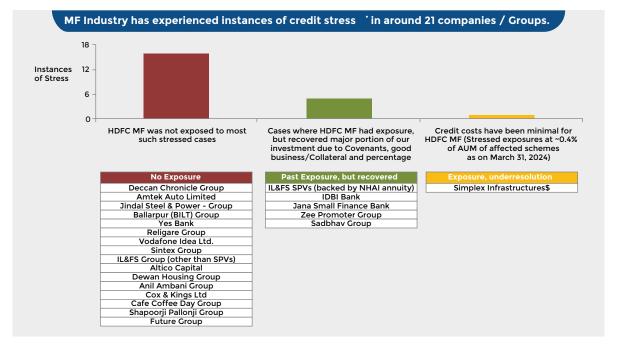


Invest with peace of mind

HDFC MF's Approach to Credit Risk

Results of Disciplined Credit Evaluation Process

The approach toward credit investment has worked well and we have been able to avoid majority of stress cases experienced by the mutual fund industry over the years. Even in instances of stress in which HDFC MF had exposure, we recovered major portion of our investment due to adequate risk mitigating factors highlighted above.



\$Market Value of exposure Simplex Infrastructure at the time of credit stress was ~Rs. 134 cr. After the 50% haircut (as per SEBI guidelines) the market value of the residual exposures was ~Rs. 33 cr or ~0.4% of total AUM of affected scheme as of March 31, 2024. *Stress is defined as companies whose ratings were eventually downgraded to BBB or below rating category during last decade.



Should you PAUSE your SIP?

To benefit from SIP, one should invest on with a long term approach and not allow emotions to drive their investment decisions.

Below table shows example of two individuals, Mr. A and Mr. B, both started their SIP journey in HDFC Flexi Cap Fund on 1st April 2018. During the beginning of COVID 19, Mr A paused his SIP for 6 months (driven by fear of COVID 19 impact on markets) while Mr. B continued with his disciplined approach of investing regularly. Here are the results:

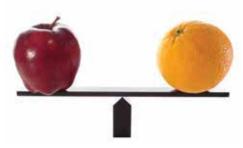
| | A | В |
|--|----------------|----------------|
| SIP Start Date | 1st April 2018 | 1st April 2018 |
| SIP Pause | Yes | No |
| Pause Period | 6 months | NA |
| Amount (in ₹) Invested till 1st Aug, 2024 | 7,10,000 | 7,70,000 |
| Market Value (in ₹) as on 1st Aug, 2024 | 15,42,864 | 17,56,779 |
| Difference (in ₹) | | 2,13,915 |

For complete performance disclosure of HDFC Flexi Cap Fund, refer page 42.



Direct Stocks 😎 Mutual Funds

Of late, we have seen an emerging trend of millennials investing directly in stock markets. High equity participation from retail investors is usually observed during an up trending market. Similar trend was observed during the bull run of 03-08, however, after the sharp fall of Global Financial Crisis, such investors found it difficult to make a re-entry in equity markets (driven by fear of loss). Below data shows trends in new demat accounts over the past 10 years.



Number of Demat accounts in India (in millions)

| FY12 | FY13 | FY14 | FY15 | FY16 | FY17 | FY18 | FY19 | FY20 | FY21 | FY22 | FY23 | FY24 |
|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 25 | 28 | 32 | 36 | 41 | 53 | 90 | 114 | 152 |

Source: NSDL CDSL

Should a new investor invest directly in stocks or should he/she hire a professional?

| Date | Stock A | Stock B | Stock C | Stock D | HDFC Flexi Cap Fund* | Sensex | Remarks |
|---|---------|---------|---------|---------|-------------------------|----------|--|
| 1-Jan-95 | 1.4 | 102.3 | 56.7 | 21.0 | 10.0 | 3,932 | HDFC Flexi Cap Fund Inception Date |
| 28-Feb-00 | 3.2 | 1,609.1 | 294.8 | 23.3 | 27.6 | 5,741 | 2000:Tech bubble |
| 12-Sep-01 | 1.9 | 37.2 | 197.6 | 17.0 | 15.6 | 3,033 | 2001:Ketan Parekh Scam |
| 27-Feb-04 | 17.2 | 6.8 | 168.9 | 55.2 | 51.0 | 5,668 | 2004: General Elections,NDA loses |
| 31-Mar-08 | 35.6 | 6.8 | 225.5 | 160.0 | 165.8 | 15,644 | 2008: Global Financial Crisis |
| 31-Mar-09 | 29.5 | 1.4 | 234.0 | 106.7 | 108.9 | 9,709 | 2009: Second UPA term |
| 31-Mar-11 | 56.1 | 1.4 | 282.9 | 276.5 | 283.3 | 19,445 | 2011: 2G Scam,Coal Scam |
| 28-Mar-13 | 38.5 | 0.5 | 467.0 | 207.3 | 271.1 | 18,836 | 2013: Taper Tantrum, High twin deficit |
| 30-Dec-16 | 137.5 | 0.7 | 826.4 | 250.2 | 476.9 | 26,626 | 2016: Demonetisation,Brexit |
| 31-Jul-17 | 162.7 | 0.7 | 1,153.4 | 312.6 | 608.0 | 32,515 | Jul 2017: First month of GST Rollout |
| 1-Feb-18 | 161.9 | 0.6 | 1,371.4 | 305.6 | 668.6 | 35,910 | Feb 2018: LTCG on Equities |
| 31-Mar-21 | 125.1 | 0.3 | 2,430.8 | 364.4 | 797.5 | 49,509 | Jan 2020-21: COVID 19 |
| 31-Mar-22 | 210.9 | 0.3 | 2,048.9 | 493.4 | 1,011.3 | 58,569 | Third wave COVID-19 |
| 31-Mar-23 | 97.6 | 0.3 | 2,558.8 | 523.7 | 1,121.5 | 58,992 | Rate Hikes and Inflation |
| 31-Jul-24 | 316.0 | 0.3 | 2,706.1 | 872.8 | 1,862.9 | 81,741.3 | Retail Inflation declines |
| CAGR since inception till 31st July, 2024 | 20.0% | -17.9% | 14.0% | 13.4% | 19.3% | 10.8% | |

Direct Investing Time and skill to research companies Emotional ups and downs Concentration risk Fund Manager Expertise Exposure to basket of securities with investment as low as Rs. 100 (Lumpsum) Tax efficient route Diversification

Stocks/Sectors referred are illustrative and should not be construed as an investment advice or a research report or a recommendation by HDFC Mutual Fund ('the Fund')/HDFC Asset Management Company Limited (HDFC AMC) to buy or sell the stock or any other security covered under the respective sector/s. The Fund may or may not have any present or future positions in these sectors. Past performance may or may not be sustained in future and is not a guarantee of any future returns. Returns are not assured. Mutual Fund investments are subject to market risks. *For complete performance disclosure of HDFC Flexi Cap Fund, refer page 42.





My Financial Organizer

What is My Financial Organizer?

My Financial Organizer allows investors to maintain a record of all their financial assets in a dossier.

Need for Financial Organizer

- Information related to all financial assets can be stored at one place
- Easy reference
- Easy to use and store information
- Can be of great help during emergencies and contingencies.

Link to download HDFC MF My Financial Organizer.

https://www.hdfcfund.com/investor-services/form-disclosures/additional-info



HDFC Flexi Cap Fund

A. HDFC Flexi Cap Fund - SIP Performance^Σ - Regular Plan - Growth Option

| SIP Investments | Since Inception* | 15 year SIP | 10 year SIP | 5 year SIP | 3 year SIP | 1 year SIP |
|---|------------------|----------------|----------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| Total Amount Invested (₹ In Lakhs) | 35.50 | 18.00 | 12.00 | 6.00 | 3.60 | 1.20 |
| Market Value as on July 31, 2024 (₹ In Lakhs) | 2,041.92 | 76.50 | 34.12 | 12.78 | 5.74 | 1.50 |
| Returns (%) | 21.67 | 17.47 | 19.83 | 30.81 | 32.80 | 48.69 |
| Benchmark Returns (%)# | 15.89 | 16.11 | 18.19 | 25.94 | 27.51 | 46.75 |
| Additional Benchmark Returns (%)## | 14.46 | 14.63 | 16.27 | 21.52 | 21.63 | 35.81 |

Assuming ₹ 10,000 invested systematically on the first Business Day of every month over a period of time. CAGR returns are computed after accounting for the cash flow by using XIRR method (investment internal rate of return) for Regular Plan - Growth Option. The above investment simulation is for illustrative purposes only and should not be construed as a promise on minimum returns and safeguard of capital. SIP - Systematic Investment Plan. HDFC AMC / HDFC MF is not guaranteeing or assuring any returns on investments in the Scheme.

B. HDFC Flexi Cap Fund- Performance^Σ - Regular plan - Growth Option

| Value o | of investmen | t of (₹) 10,000 |
|---------|--------------|------------------|
| Scheme | Benchmark | Danielania anti- |

₹ 1862.927 (per unit)

NAV as at July 31, 2024

| Period | Scheme Returns (%) | Benchmark Returns (%)# | Additional Benchmark Returns (%) *** | Scheme Returns (₹) | Benchmark Returns (₹)# | Additional Benchmark Returns (₹) *** |
|------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------|--|-----------------------|---------------------------|--|
| Last 1 year | 42.08 | 39.15 | 27.76 | 14,222 | 13,928 | 12,784 |
| Last 3 years | 27.39 | 21.05 | 17.86 | 20,698 | 17,755 | 16,387 |
| Last 5 years | 23.55 | 22.32 | 18.90 | 28,817 | 27,411 | 23,784 |
| Since Inception* | 19.32 | 12.98 | 12.12 | 18,62,927 | 3,70,661 | 2,95,523 |

Common notes for the above table A & B: #NIFTY 500 (Total Returns Index). #NIFTY 50 (Total Returns Index). *Inception Date: January 01, 1995. The scheme is managed by Ms. Roshi Jain since July 29, 2022. As NIFTY 50 TRI data is not available since inception of the scheme, additional benchmark performance is calculated using composite CAGR of NIFTY 50 PRI values from January 1, 1995 to June 29, 1999 and TRI values since June 30, 1999. 7 As on July 31, 2024.

C. Performance of Other Funds Managed by Ms. Roshi Jain, Fund Manager of HDFC Flexi Cap Fund (who manages total 3 schemes which have completed one year)

| Scheme | Managing Scheme | Returns (%) as on July 31, 2024 | | | |
|---|------------------|---------------------------------|------------------|------------------|--|
| | Since | Last 1 year (%) | Last 3 years (%) | Last 5 years (%) | |
| HDFC Focused 30 Fund | January 13, 2022 | 42.07 | 28.49 | 23.74 | |
| Benchmark - NIFTY 500 (Total Returns Index) | | 39.15 | 21.05 | 22.32 | |
| HDFC ELSS Tax saver | January 13, 2022 | 45.38 | 26.62 | 22.37 | |
| Benchmark - NIFTY 500 (Total Returns Index) | | 39.15 | 21.05 | 22.32 | |

Common notes for the above table B & C: Past performance may or may not be sustained in future and is not a guarantee of any future returns. Returns greater than 1 year period are Compounded Annualised (CAGR). Load is not taken into consideration for computation of above performance(s). Different plans viz. Regular Plan and Direct Plan have different expense structure. The expenses of the Direct Plan under the scheme will be lower to the extent of the distribution expenses/commission charged in the Regular Plan. The above returns are of Regular Plan - Growth Option. Returns as on July 31, 2024.



HDFC Retirement Savings Fund - Equity Plan

A. HDFC Retirment Savings Fund - Equity Plan - SIP Performance - Regular Plan - Growth Option

| SIP Investments | * Since Inception | 5 year SIP | 3 year SIP | 1 year SIP |
|---|-------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| Total Amount Invested (₹ In Lakhs) | 10.20 | 6.00 | 3.60 | 1.20 |
| Market Value as on July 31, 2024 (₹ In Lakhs) | 26.92 | 12.43 | 5.52 | 1.46 |
| Returns (%) | 22.03 | 29.64 | 29.89 | 42.88 |
| Benchmark Returns (%)# | 19.75 | 25.94 | 27.51 | 46.75 |
| Additional Benchmark Returns (%)## | 17.57 | 21.52 | 21.63 | 35.81 |

Assuming ₹ 10,000 invested systematically on the first Business Day of every month since February 25, 2016 (Scheme Inception Date). CACR returns are computed after accounting for the cash flow by using XIRR method (investment internal rate of return) for Regular Plan - Growth Option. The above investment simulation is for illustrative purposes only and should not be construed as a promise on minimum returns and safeguard of capital. SIP - Systematic Investment Plan. HDFC AMC / HDFC MF is not guaranteeing or assuring any returns on investments in the Scheme.

B. HDFC Retirement Savings Fund - Equity Plan -Performance - Regular plan - Growth Option

| NAV as at July 31, 2024 | ₹ 50.612 (per unit) |
|-------------------------|---------------------|
| Value of investme | ent of (₹) 10,000 |

| Period | Scheme Returns (%) | Benchmark Returns (%)* | Additional Benchmark Returns (%) *** | Scheme Returns (₹) | Benchmark Returns (₹)* | Additional Benchmark Returns (₹) ## |
|------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------|--|-----------------------|---------------------------|---|
| Last 1 year | 35.38 | 39.15 | 27.76 | 13,550 | 13,928 | 12,784 |
| Last 3 years | 22.76 | 21.05 | 17.86 | 18,522 | 17,755 | 16,387 |
| Last 5 years | 25.66 | 22.32 | 18.90 | 31,372 | 27,411 | 23,784 |
| Since Inception* | 21.20 | 19.39 | 17.80 | 50,612 | 44,585 | 39,817 |

#NIFTY 500 (Total Returns Index) ##NIFTY 50 (Total Returns Index). *Inception Date: February 25, 2016. The scheme is co-managed by Mr. Srinivasan Ramamurthy (Equities) (since December 14, 2021) and Mr. Shobhit Mehrotra (Debt) (since February 25, 2016).

HDFC Retirement Savings Fund - Hybrid Equity Plan

C. HDFC Retirment Savings Fund - Hybrid Equity Plan - SIP Performance - Regular Plan - Growth Option

| SIP Investments | * Since Inception | 5 year SIP | 3 year SIP | 1 year SIP |
|---|-------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| Total Amount Invested (₹ In Lakhs) | 10.20 | 6.00 | 3.60 | 1.20 |
| Market Value as on July 31, 2024 (₹ In Lakhs) | 21.47 | 10.19 | 4.99 | 1.40 |
| Returns (%) | 16.95 | 21.34 | 22.42 | 31.73 |
| Benchmark Returns (%)# | 14.27 | 16.35 | 16.57 | 25.89 |
| Additional Benchmark Returns (%)** | 17.57 | 21.52 | 21.63 | 35.81 |

Assuming ₹ 10,000 invested systematically on the first Business Day of every month since February 25, 2016 (Scheme Inception Date). CAGR returns are computed after accounting for the cash flow by using XIRR method (investment internal rate of return) for Regular Plan - Growth Option. The above investment simulation is for illustrative purposes only and should not be construed as a promise on minimum returns and safeguard of capital. SIP - Systematic Investment Plan. HDFC AMC / HDFC MF is not guaranteeing or assuring any returns on investments in the Scheme.

D. HDFC Retirement Savings Fund - Hybrid Equity Plan - Performance - Regular plan - Growth Option

| NAV as at July 31, 2024 | ₹ 38.155 (per unit) |
|-------------------------|---------------------|
| Value of investme | ent of (₹) 10 000 |

| | | | | value of investment of (1) 10,000 | | | |
|------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------|--|-----------------------------------|---------------------------|---|--|
| Period | Scheme Returns (%) | Benchmark Returns (%)# | Additional Benchmark Returns (%) *** | Scheme Returns (₹) | Benchmark Returns (₹)* | Additional Benchmark Returns (₹) ## | |
| Last 1 year | 26.08 | 20.66 | 20.66 | 12,616 | 12,072 | 12,784 | |
| Last 3 years | 16.35 | 13.71 | 13.71 | 15,764 | 14,713 | 16,387 | |
| Last 5 years | 18.66 | 15.10 | 15.10 | 23,542 | 20,221 | 23,784 | |
| Since Inception* | 17.20 | 14.61 | 14.61 | 38,155 | 31,581 | 39,817 | |

#NIFTY 50 Hybrid Composite Debt 65:35 Index ##NIFTY 50 (Total Returns Index). *Inception Date: February 25, 2016. The scheme is co-managed by Mr. Srinivasan Ramamurthy (Equities) (since December 14, 2021) and Mr. Shobhit Mehrotra (Debt) (since February 25, 2016).

Past performance may or may not be sustained in future and is not a guarantee of any future returns.



HDFC Retirement Savings Fund - Hybrid Debt Plan

E. HDFC Retirment Savings Fund - Hybrid Debt Plan - SIP Performance - Regular Plan - Growth Option

| SIP Investments | * Since Inception | 5 year SIP | 3 year SIP | 1 year SIP |
|---|-------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| Total Amount Invested (₹ In Lakhs) | 10.20 | 6.00 | 3.60 | 1.20 |
| Market Value as on July 31, 2024 (₹ In Lakhs) | 15.02 | 7.75 | 4.27 | 1.30 |
| Returns (%) | 8.89 | 10.16 | 11.33 | 15.64 |
| Benchmark Returns (%)# | 8.86 | 8.81 | 9.29 | 12.58 |
| Additional Benchmark Returns (%)## | 5.91 | 5.56 | 7.15 | 9.71 |

Assuming ₹ 10,000 invested systematically on the first Business Day of every month since February 26, 2016 (Scheme Inception Date). CAGR returns are computed after accounting for the cash flow by using XIRR method (investment internal rate of return) for Regular Plan - Growth Option. The above investment simulation is for illustrative purposes only and should not be construed as a promise on minimum returns and safeguard of capital. SIP - Systematic Investment Plan. HDFC AMC / HDFC MF is not guaranteeing or assuring any returns on investments in the Scheme.

F. HDFC Retirement Savings Fund - Hybrid Debt Plan -Performance - Regular plan - Growth Option

| | NAV as at July 31, 2024 | | | ₹ 20.6653 (per unit) | | |
|---|-------------------------|----------------------|--------|---|--|--|
| | Value o | of investme | ent of | f (₹) 10,000 | | |
| # | Scheme Returns (₹) | Benchma Returns (| | Additional Benchmark Returns (₹) ## | | |
| | 11 200 | 11 090 | | 10 07E | | |

| Period | Scheme Returns (%) | Benchmark Returns (%)# | Additional Benchmark Returns (%) ## | Scheme Returns (₹) | Benchmark Returns (₹)# | Additional Benchmark Returns (₹) ## |
|------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------|---|-----------------------|---------------------------|---|
| Last 1 year | 12.84 | 10.86 | 8.33 | 11,288 | 11,089 | 10,835 |
| Last 3 years | 8.70 | 7.68 | 4.89 | 12,851 | 12,490 | 11,544 |
| Last 5 years | 9.26 | 8.87 | 4.91 | 15,581 | 15,304 | 12,714 |
| Since Inception* | 8.99 | 9.39 | 6.50 | 20,665 | 21,311 | 17,013 |

Past performance may or may not be sustained in future and is not a guarantee of any future returns.

#NIFTY 50 Hybrid Composite Debt 15:85 Index ##CRISIL 10 Year Gilt Index "Inception Date: February 26, 2016. The scheme is co-managed by Mr. Srinivasan Ramamurthy (Equities) (since December 14, 2021) and Mr. Shobhit Mehrotra (Debt) (since February 26, 2016).



HDFC Retirement Savings Fund

Nos. of schemes managed by SRINIVASAN RAMAMURTHY which have completed 1 year (11 schemes) Nos. of schemes managed by SHOBHIT MEHROTRA which have completed 1 year (9 schemes)

PERFORMANCE OF TOP 3 SCHEMES MANAGED BY SRINIVASAN RAMAMURTHY

| | Managing | Returns (%) as on July 31, 2024 | | | |
|---|-------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|--|
| Scheme | Scheme since | Last 1 year (%) | Last 3 year (%) | Last 5 year (%) | |
| HDFC Balanced Advantage Fund § | July 29, 2022 | 38.82 | 24.85 | 21.29 | |
| Benchmark - NIFTY 50 Hybrid Composite debt 50:50 Index | | 17.68 | 11.91 | 13.32 | |
| HDFC Asset Allocator Fund of Funds@ | January 13, 2022 | 23.71 | 15.72 | N.A. | |
| Benchmark-90% Nifty 50 Hybrid Composite Debt 65:35 Index (Total Returns Index) and 10% Domestic Prices of Gold arrived at based on London Bullion Market Association's (LBMA) AM Fixing Price | | 20.33 | 13.73 | N.A. | |
| HDFC Hybrid Debt Fund <mark>&</mark> | December 14, 2021 | 15.99 | 10.95 | 11.21 | |
| Benchmark - NIFTY 50 Hybrid Composite Debt 15:85 Index | | 10.86 | 7.68 | 8.87 | |

PERFORMANCE OF BOTTOM 3 SCHEMES MANAGED BY SRINIVASAN RAMAMURTHY

| | Managing | Returns (%) as on July 31, 2024 | | | |
|--|------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|--|
| Scheme | * Scheme since | Last 1 year (%) | Last 3 year (%) | Last 5 year (%) | |
| HDFC Dynamic PE Ratio Fund of Funds | January 13, 2022 | 22.46 | 15.50 | 16.40 | |
| Benchmark - NIFTY 50 Hybrid Composite Debt 15:85 Index | | 20.66 | 13.71 | 15.10 | |
| HDFC Infrastructure Fund | January 12, 2024 | 65.84 | 36.72 | 26.62 | |
| Benchmark - BSE India Infrastructure Index (TRI) (w.e.f. June 01, 2024) | | 116.68 | 49.44 | 36.07 | |
| HDFC Housing Opportunities Fund | January 12, 2024 | 52.09 | 25.84 | 21.72 | |
| Benchmark - NIFTY Housing (Total Returns Index) | | 39.50 | 19.39 | 22.46 | |

On account of difference in the type of the Scheme, asset allocation, investment strategy, inception dates, the performance of these schemes is strictly not comparable.
§ The Scheme is co-managed by Mr. Copal Agrawal (Equity Assets) (since July 29, 2022), Mr. Srinivasan Ramamurthy (Equity Assets) (since July 29, 2022), Mr. Anin Agarwal (Arbitrage Assets) (since October 6, 2022) and Mr. Nirman Morakhia (Arbitrage Assets) (since February 15, 2023), @ The Scheme is co-managed by Mr. Srinivasan Ramamurthy (Equity Assets) (since February 12, 2022), and Mr. Anil Bamboli (Debt Assets) (since May 05, 2021). & The Scheme is co-managed by Mr. Srinivasan Ramamurthy (Equity Assets) (since December 14, 2021) and Shobhit Mehrotra (Debt Assets) (since September 1, 2007). A The scheme is co-managed by Mr. Srinivasan Ramamurthy (Equity Assets) from January 13, 2022 and Mr. Anil Bamboli (Debt Assets) (since September 1, 2007).

PERFORMANCE OF TOP 3 SCHEMES MANAGED BY SHOBHIT MEHROTRA

| | Managing | Returns (%) as on July 31, 2024 | | | |
|--|-------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|--|
| Scheme | Scheme since | Last 1 year (%) | Last 3 year (%) | Last 5 year (%) | |
| HDFC Hybrid Debt Fund & | September 1, 2007 | 15.99 | 10.95 | 11.21 | |
| Benchmark - NIFTY 50 Hybrid Composite Debt 15:85 Index | | 10.86 | 7.68 | 8.87 | |
| HDFC Floating Rate Debt Fund ~ | October 23, 2007 | 8.04 | 6.25 | 6.77 | |
| Benchmark - CRISIL Short Duration Debt A-II Index | | 7.54 | 5.64 | 6.43 | |
| HDFC Long Duration Debt Fund | January 20, 2023 | 10.50 | N.A. | N.A. | |
| NIFTY Long Duration Debt Index - A-III | | 9.39 | N.A. | N.A. | |

PERFORMANCE OF BOTTOM 3 SCHEMES MANAGED BY SHOBHIT MEHROTRA

| | Managing | Returns (%) as on July 31, 2024 | | | |
|---|--------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|--|
| Scheme | Scheme since | Last 1 year (%) | Last 3 year (%) | Last 5 year (%) | |
| HDFC Medium Term Debt Fund | September 1, 2007 | 7.30 | 5.50 | 6.47 | |
| Benchmark - NIFTY Medium Duration Debt Index A-III | | 7.70 | 5.21 | 6.97 | |
| HDFC Credit Risk Debt Fund | March 25, 2014 | 7.31 | 5.81 | 7.30 | |
| Benchmark - NIFTY Credit Risk Bond Index B-II | | 8.08 | 7.33 | 8.11 | |
| HDFC Income Fund | September 11, 2007 | 8.03 | 4.71 | 5.22 | |
| Benchmark-CRISIL Medium To Long Duration Debt A-III Index | | 7.90 | 5.57 | 6.77 | |

[&]amp; The Scheme is co-managed by Mr. Srinivasan Ramamurthy (Equity Assets) (since December 14, 2021) and Shobhit Mehrotra (Debt Assets) (since September 1, 2007). - The Scheme is co-managed by Mr. Shobhit Mehrotra (since October 23, 2007) and Mr. Vikash Agarwal (since July 1, 2020).

Common Notes for all the above tables: Past performance may or may not be sustained in future and is not a guarantee of any future returns. Top 3 and bottom 3 schemes managed by the Fund Manager have been derived on the basis of since inception returns vis-à-vis the benchmark in not available on the Scheme's inception date, the returns for the concerned scheme is considered from the date the benchmark is available. Returns greater than 1 year period are compounded annualized (CACR). Load is not taken into consideration for computation of performance. Different plans viz. Regular Plan and Direct Plan have a different expense structure. The expenses of the Direct Plan under the Scheme will be lower to the extent of the distribution expenses / commission charged in the Regular Plan. N.A.: Not Available. Data as on July 31, 2024.

HDFC Liquid Fund

A. HDFC Liquid Fund - SIP Performance - Regular Plan - Growth Option

| SIP Investments | Since Inception* | 15 year SIP | 10 year SIP | 5 year SIP | 3 year SIP | 1 year SIP |
|---|------------------|----------------|----------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| Total Amount Invested (₹ In Lakhs) | 28.60 | 18.00 | 12.00 | 8.40 | 3.60 | 1.20 |
| Market Value as on July 31, 2024 (₹ In Lakhs) | 68.96 | 30.03 | 16.17 | 10.25 | 3.98 | 1.25 |
| Returns (%) | 6.75 | 6.50 | 5.82 | 5.59 | 6.65 | 7.37 |
| Benchmark Returns (%)# | N.A. | 6.59 | 6.02 | 5.85 | 6.83 | 7.44 |
| Additional Benchmark Returns (%)## | 6.15 | 6.32 | 6.01 | 5.84 | 6.60 | 7.67 |

Assuming ₹10.000 invested systematically on the first Business Day of every month over a period of time. CAGR returns are computed after accounting for the cash flow by using XIRR method (investment internal rate of return) for Regular Plan - Growth Option. The above investment simulation is for illustrative purposes only and should not be construed as a promise on minimum returns and safeguard of capital. SIP - Systematic Investment Plan. HDFC AMC / HDFC MF is not guaranteeing or assuring any returns on investments in the Scheme.

B. HDFC Liquid Fund- Performance^Σ - Regular plan - Growth Option

| NAV as at July 31, 2024 | ₹4810.5450 (per unit) |
|-------------------------|-----------------------|
| Value of investme | ont of (F) 10 000 |

| Period | Scheme Returns (%) | Benchmark Returns (%)# | Additional Benchmark Returns (%) *** | Scheme Returns (₹) | Benchmark Returns (₹)* | Additional Benchmark Returns (₹) ## |
|------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------|--|-----------------------|---------------------------|---|
| Last 1 year | 7.27 | 7.32 | 7.36 | 10,729 | 10,734 | 10,738 |
| Last 3 years | 5.81 | 5.96 | 5.59 | 11,848 | 11,898 | 11,773 |
| Last 5 years | 5.13 | 5.29 | 5.55 | 12,845 | 12,946 | 13,106 |
| Since Inception* | 6.82 | N.A. | 6.24 | 48,105 | N.A. | 42,281 |

Common notes for the above table A & B: #CRISIL Liquid Debt A-I Index ##CRISIL 1 year T-Bill Index. *Inception Date: October 17, 2000. The scheme is co-managed by Mr. Anupam Joshi (since October 27, 2015) and Swapnil Jangam (since October 6, 2022). ∑ As on July 31, 2024.

C. Performance of Other Funds Co-Managed by Mr. Anupam Joshi, Fund Manager of HDFC Liquid Fund (who manages total 4 schemes which have completed one year)

| Scheme | Managing Scheme | Returns (%) as on July 31, 2024 | | |
|--|------------------|---------------------------------|------------------|------------------|
| | Since | Last 1 year (%) | Last 3 years (%) | Last 5 years (%) |
| HDFC Hybrid Equity Fund~ | October 6, 2022) | 21.64 | 15.69 | 17.01 |
| Benchmark - NIFTY 50 Hybrid Composite Debt 65:35 Index | | 20.66 | 13.71 | 15.10 |
| HDFC Low Duration Fund µ | October 27, 2015 | 7.17 | 5.67 | 6.07 |
| Benchmark - NIFTY Low Duration Debt Index A-I | | 7.36 | 5.76 | 5.77 |
| HDFC Corporate Bond Fund | October 27, 2015 | 7.77 | 5.79 | 6.82 |
| Benchmark - NIFTY Corporate Bond Index A- II | | 7.27 | 5.38 | 6.51 |

⁻The scheme is co-managed by Mr. Chirag Setalvad (Equity Assets) (since April 2, 2007) and Mr. Anupam Joshi (Debt Assets) (since October 6, 2022). Scheme performance may not strictly be comparable with that of its Additional Benchmark in view of hybrid nature of the scheme where a portion of scheme's investments are made in debt instruments. #The scheme is co-managed by Mr. Anupam Joshi (since October 27, 2015) and Mr. Praveen Jain (since October 6, 2022).

Common notes for the above table B & C: Past performance may or may not be sustained in future and is not a guarantee of any future returns. Returns greater than 1 year period are Compounded Annualised (CAGR). Load is not taken into consideration for computation of above performance(s). Different plans viz. Regular Plan and Direct Plan have different expense structure. The expenses of the Direct Plan under the scheme will be lower to the extent of the distribution expenses/commission charged in the Regular Plan. The above returns are of Regular Plan - Growth Option. Returns as on July 31, 2024.



HDFC Hybrid Debt Fund

A. HDFC Hybrid Debt Fund - SIP Performance - Regular Plan - Growth Option

| SIP Investments | Since Inception* | 15 year SIP | 10 year SIP | 5 year SIP | 3 year SIP | 1 year SIP |
|---|------------------|----------------|----------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| Total Amount Invested (₹ In Lakhs) | 24.80 | 18.00 | 12.00 | 6.00 | 3.60 | 1.20 |
| Market Value as on July 31, 2024 (₹ In Lakhs) | 80.04 | 40.03 | 20.30 | 8.26 | 4.40 | 1.31 |
| Returns (%) | 10.21 | 9.96 | 10.14 | 12.75 | 13.53 | 17.78 |
| Benchmark Returns (%)# | N.A. | 8.93 | 8.83 | 8.81 | 9.29 | 12.58 |
| Additional Benchmark Returns (%)## | 6.33 | 6.43 | 6.13 | 5.56 | 7.15 | 9.71 |

Assuming ₹ 10,000 invested systematically on the first Business Day of every month over a period of time. CAGR returns are computed after accounting for the cash flow by using XIRR method (investment internal rate of return) for Regular Plan - Growth Option. The above investment simulation is for illustrative purposes only and should not be construed as a promise on minimum returns and safeguard of capital. SIP - Systematic Investment Plan. HDFC AMC / HDFC MF is not guaranteeing or assuring any returns on investments in the Scheme.

NAV as at July 31, 2024

78.554

53.197

B. HDFC Hybrid Debt Fund Performance - Regular plan - Growth Option

Since Inception*

| Performance - Regular plan - Growth Option | | | Value of | investment of (| ₹) 10,000 | |
|--|-----------------------|---------------------------|--|------------------------|------------------------|---|
| Period | Scheme Returns (%) | Benchmark Returns (%)# | Additional Benchmark Returns (%)## | Scheme Returns (₹)# | Benchmark Returns∛) | Additional Benchmark Returns (₹)*** |
| Last 1 year | 15.99 | 10.86 | 8.33 | 11,603 | 11,089 | 10,835 |
| Last 3 years | 10.95 | 7.68 | 4.89 | 13,667 | 12,490 | 11,544 |
| Last 5 years | 11.21 | 8.87 | 4.91 | 17,022 | 15,304 | 12,714 |

Past performance may or may not be sustained in future and is not a guarantee of any future returns.

8.45

10.52

#NIFTY 500 Hybrid Composite Debt 15:85 Index ##CRISIL 10 Year Gilt Index *Inception Date: December 26, 2003. The scheme is co-managed by Mr. Srinivasan Ramamurthy (Equities) (since December 14, 2021) and Mr. Shobhit Mehrotra (Debt) (since September 1, 2007).

5.65



₹ 78.5542 (per unit)

31,034

HDFC Hybrid Debt Fund

Nos. of schemes managed by SRINIVASAN RAMAMURTHY which have completed 1 year (11 schemes) Nos. of schemes managed by SHOBHIT MEHROTRA which have completed 1 year (9 schemes)

PERFORMANCE OF TOP 3 SCHEMES MANAGED BY SRINIVASAN RAMAMURTHY

| | Managing | Returns (%) as on July 31, 2024 | | | |
|---|-------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|--|
| Scheme | Scheme since | Last 1 year (%) | Last 3 year (%) | Last 5 year (%) | |
| HDFC Balanced Advantage Fund § | July 29, 2022 | 38.82 | 24.85 | 21.29 | |
| Benchmark - NIFTY 50 Hybrid Composite debt 50:50 Index | | 17.68 | 11.91 | 13.32 | |
| HDFC Asset Allocator Fund of Funds@ | January 13, 2022 | 23.71 | 15.72 | N.A. | |
| Benchmark-90% Nifty 50 Hybrid Composite Debt 65:35 Index (Total Returns Index) and 10% Domestic Prices of Gold arrived at based on London Bullion Market Association's (LBMA) AM Fixing Price | | 20.33 | 13.73 | N.A. | |
| HDFC Retirement Savings Fund - Hybrid Equity Plan& | December 14, 2021 | 26.08 | 16.35 | 18.66 | |
| Benchmark - NIFTY 50 Hybrid Composite Debt 65:35 Index | | 20.66 | 13.71 | 15.10 | |

PERFORMANCE OF BOTTOM 3 SCHEMES MANAGED BY SRINIVASAN RAMAMURTHY

| | Managing | Returns (%) as on July 31, 2024 | | | |
|--|------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|--|
| Scheme | Scheme since | Last 1 year (%) | Last 3 year (%) | Last 5 year (%) | |
| HDFC Dynamic PE Ratio Fund of Funds | January 13, 2022 | 22.46 | 15.50 | 16.40 | |
| Benchmark - NIFTY 50 Hybrid Composite Debt 15:85 Index | | 20.66 | 13.71 | 15.10 | |
| HDFC Infrastructure Fund | January 12, 2024 | 65.84 | 36.72 | 26.62 | |
| Benchmark - BSE India Infrastructure Index (TRI) (w.e.f. June 01, 2024) | | 116.68 | 49.44 | 36.07 | |
| HDFC Housing Opportunities Fund | January 12, 2024 | 52.09 | 25.84 | 21.72 | |
| Benchmark - NIFTY Housing (Total Returns Index) | | 39.50 | 19.39 | 22.46 | |

On account of difference in the type of the Scheme, asset allocation, investment strategy, inception dates, the performance of these schemes is strictly not comparable.

§ The Scheme is co-managed by Mr. Copal Agrawal (Equity Assets) (since July 29, 2022), Mr. Srinivasan Ramamurthy (Equity Assets) (since July 29, 2022), Mr. Anil Bamboli (Debt Assets) (since July 29, 2022), Mr. Arun Agarwal (Arbitrage Assets) (since Cotober 6, 2022) and Mr. Nirman Morakhia (Arbitrage Assets) (since February 15, 2023), @ The Scheme is co-managed by Mr. Srinivasan Ramamurthy (Equity Assets) (since February 02, 2022) and Mr. Anil Bamboli (Debt Assets) (since May 05, 2021). & The Scheme is co-managed by Mr. Srinivasan Ramamurthy (Equity Assets) (since December 14, 2021) and Shobhit Mehrotra (Debt Assets) (since February 25, 2016). ^ The scheme is co-managed by Mr. Srinivasan Ramamurthy (Equity Assets) from January 13, 2022 and Mr. Anil Bamboli (Debt Assets) (since February 25, 2016). ^ The scheme is co-managed by Mr. Srinivasan Ramamurthy (Equity Assets) from January 13, 2022 and Mr. Anil Bamboli (Debt Assets) (since February 25, 2016). ^ The scheme is co-managed by Mr. Srinivasan Ramamurthy (Equity Assets) (since Pebruary 15, 2022 and Mr. Anil Bamboli (Debt Assets) (since Pebruary 25, 2016). ^ The scheme is co-managed by Mr. Srinivasan Ramamurthy (Equity Assets) (since Pebruary 15, 2012). * The scheme is co-managed by Mr. Srinivasan Ramamurthy (Equity Assets) (since Pebruary 15, 2012). * The scheme is co-managed by Mr. Srinivasan Ramamurthy (Equity Assets) (since Pebruary 15, 2012). * The scheme is co-managed by Mr. Srinivasan Ramamurthy (Equity Assets) (since Pebruary 15, 2012). * The scheme is co-managed by Mr. Srinivasan Ramamurthy (Equity Assets) (since Pebruary 15, 2012). * The scheme is co-managed by Mr. Srinivasan Ramamurthy (Equity Assets) (since Pebruary 15, 2012). * The scheme is co-managed by Mr. Srinivasan Ramamurthy (Equity Assets) (since Pebruary 15, 2012). * The scheme is co-managed by Mr. Srinivasan Ramamurthy (Equi

PERFORMANCE OF TOP 3 SCHEMES MANAGED BY SHOBHIT MEHROTRA

| | Managing | Returns (%) as on July 31, 2024 | | | |
|--|-------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|--|
| Scheme | Scheme since | Last 1 year (%) | Last 3 year (%) | Last 5 year (%) | |
| HDFC Retirement Savings Fund - Equity Plan& | February 25, 2016 | 35.38 | 22.76 | 25.66 | |
| Benchmark - NIFTY 500 (Total Returns Index) | | 39.15 | 21.05 | 22.32 | |
| HDFC Retirement Savings Fund - Hybrid Equity Plan& | February 25, 2016 | 26.08 | 16.35 | 18.66 | |
| Benchmark - NIFTY 50 Hybrid Composite Debt 65:35 Index | | 20.66 | 13.71 | 15.10 | |
| HDFC Long Duration Debt Fund | January 20, 2023 | 10.50 | N.A. | N.A. | |
| NIFTY Long Duration Debt Index - A-III | | 9.39 | N.A. | N.A. | |

PERFORMANCE OF BOTTOM 3 SCHEMES MANAGED BY SHOBHIT MEHROTRA

| | Managing | Returns (%) as on July 31, 2024 | | | |
|---|--------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|--|
| Scheme | Scheme since | Last 1 year (%) | Last 3 year (%) | Last 5 year (%) | |
| HDFC Retirement Savings Fund - Hybrid Debt Plan~ | February 26, 2016 | 12.84 | 8.70 | 9.26 | |
| Benchmark - NIFTY 50 Hybrid Composite Debt 15:85 Index | | 10.86 | 7.68 | 8.87 | |
| HDFC Credit Risk Debt Fund | March 25, 2014 | 7.31 | 5.81 | 7.30 | |
| Benchmark - NIFTY Credit Risk Bond Index B-II | | 8.08 | 7.33 | 8.11 | |
| HDFC Income Fund | September 11, 2007 | 8.03 | 4.71 | 5.22 | |
| Benchmark-CRISIL Medium To Long Duration Debt A-III Index | | 7.90 | 5.57 | 6.77 | |

[&]amp; The Scheme is co-managed by Mr. Srinivasan Ramamurthy (Equity Assets) (since December 14, 2021) and Shobhit Mehrotra (Debt Assets) (since February 25, 2016).

- The Scheme is co-managed by Mr. Srinivasan Ramamurthy (Equity Assets) (since December 14, 2021) and Shobhit Mehrotra (Debt Assets) (since February 26, 2016).

Common Notes for all the above tables: Past performance may or may not be sustained in future and is not a guarantee of any future returns. Top 3 and bottom 3 schemes managed by the Fund Manager have been derived on the basis of since inception returns vis-à-vis the benchmark in case the benchmark in not available on the Scheme's inception date, the returns for the concerned scheme is considered from the date the benchmark is available. Returns greater than 1 year period are compounded annualized (CAGR). Load is not taken into consideration for computation of performance. Different plans viz. Regular Plan and Direct Plan have a different expense structure. The expenses of the Direct Plan have a different expense structure. The expenses of the Direct Plan have a different expense tructure. The expenses of the Direct Plan have a different expense of the distribution expenses / commission charged in the Regular Plan. N.A.: Not Available. Data as on July 31, 2024.

PRODUCT LABELLING:

| NAME OF SCHEME | THIS PRODUCT IS SUITABLE FOR INVESTORS WHO ARE SEEKING* | SCHEME RISKOMETER# | BENCHMARK RISKOMETER # |
|--|---|--|--|
| HDFC Flexi Cap Fund An open ended dynamic equity scheme investing across large cap, mid cap & small cap stocks.) | To generate long-term capital appreciation / income Investment predominantly in equity & equity related instruments | RISKOMETER Investors understand that their principal will be at very high risk | NIFTY 500 (Total Returns Index) |
| HDFC Focused 30 Fund [An open ended equity scheme investing in maximum 30 stocks in large-cap, mid-cap and small-cap category (i.e. Multi-Cap)] | To generate long-term capital appreciation / income Investments in equity & equity related instruments of up to 30 companies | RISKOMETER Investors understand that their principal will be at very high risk | NIFTY 500 (Total Returns Index) NIFTY 500 (Total Returns Index) NOTICE IN TOTAL INDEX IN |
| HDFC ELSS Tax saver (Name changed from HDFC TaxSaver w.e.f. October 30, 2023) (An open ended equity linked savings scheme with a statutory lock in of 3 years and tax benefit) | To generate long-term capital appreciation / income Investment predominantly of equity & equity related instruments | RISKOMETER Investors understand that their principal will be at very high risk | NIFTY 500 (Total Returns Index) NIFTY 500 (Total Returns Index) RISKOMETER |
| HDFC Retirement Savings Fund - Equity Plan (A notified Tax Savings Cum Pension Scheme) [An open ended retirement solution oriented scheme having a lock-in of 5 years or till retirement age (whichever is earlier)] | A corpus to provide for pension in the form of income to the extent of the redemption value of their holding after the age of 60 years Investment predominantly in equity and equity related instruments | RISKOMETER Investors understand that their principal will be at very high risk | NIFTY 500 (Total Returns Index) NIFTY 500 (Total Returns Index) Moderate Hop |
| HDFC Retirement Savings Fund - Hybrid Equity Plan (A notified Tax Savings Cum Pension Scheme) [An open ended equity scheme investing in maximum 30 stocks in large-cap, mid-cap and small-cap category (i.e. Multi-Cap)] | A corpus to provide for pension in the form of income to the extent of the redemption value of their holding after the age of 60 years Investment predominantly in equity and equity related instruments & balance in debt and money market instruments | RISKOMETER Investors understand that their principal will be at very high risk | NIFTY 50 Hybrid Composite Debt 65:35 Index 65:35 Index Moderale Moderate Myster |
| HDFC Retirement Savings Fund - Hybrid Debt Plan (A notified Tax Savings Cum Pension Scheme) [An open ended retirement solution oriented scheme having a lock-in of 5 years or till retirement age (whichever is earlier)] Benchmark and Scheme Riskometer as or | A corpus to provide for pension in the form of income to the extent of the redemption value of their holding after the age of 60 years Investment predominantly in debt and money market instruments & balance in equity and equity related instruments | RISKOMETER Investors understand that their principal will be at moderately high risk | NIFTY 50 Hybrid Composite Debt 15:85 Index NIFTY 50 Hybrid Composite Debt 15:85 Index RISKOMETER |

Benchmark and Scheme Riskometer as on July 31, 2024
'Investors should consult their financial advisers if in doubt about whether the product is suitable for them.
#For latest riskometer, investors may refer to the Monthly Portfolios disclosed on the website of the Fund viz. www.hdfcfund.com

| NAME OF SCHEME | THIS PRODUCT IS SUITABLE FOR INVESTORS WHO ARE SEEKING* | SCHEME RISKOMETER# | BENCHMARK RISKOMETER # |
|--|---|--|--|
| HDFC Balanced Advantage Fund (An open ended balanced advantage fund) | To generate long-term capital appreciation / income Investments in a mix of equity and debt instruments | RISKOMETER Investors understand that their principal will be at very high risk | NIFTY 50 Hybrid Composite Debt 50:50 Index 50:50 Index Moderates Moderates Hybrid RISKOMETER |
| HDFC Asset Allocator Fund of Funds* (An open ended Fund of Funds scheme investing in equity oriented, debt oriented and gold ETFs schemes) | Capital appreciation over long term Investment predominantly in equity oriented, debt oriented and Gold ETF schemes | RISKOMETER Investors understand high risk | 90% Nifty 50 Hybrid Composite Debt 65:35 Index (Total Returns Index) and 10% Domestic Prices of Gold arrived at based on London Bullion Market Association's (Lbma) Am Fixing Price |
| HDFC Hybrid Debt Fund (An open ended hybrid scheme investing predominantly in debt instruments) | To generate long-term income / capital appreciation Investments primarily in debt securities, money market instruments and moderate exposure to equities | RISKOMETER Investors understand that their principal will be at moderately high risk | NIFTY 50 Hybrid Composite Debt 15:85 Index |
| HDFC Infrastructure Fund (An open ended equity scheme following infrastructure theme) | To generate long-term capital appreciation / income Investment predominantly in equity and equity related securities of companies engaged in or expected to benefit from the growth and development of infrastructure | RISKOMETER Investors understand that their principal will be at very high risk | BSE India Infrastructure Index (TRI) Moderals Moderator Moderals Moderals Moderals Moderals Moderals Moderals Moderator Moderals Moderals Moderals Moderator Moderat |
| HDFC Housing Opportunities Fund (An open ended equity scheme following housing and allied activities theme) | To generate long-term capital appreciation/income Investments in a diversified portfolio of equity & equity related instruments, debt & money market instruments and Gold related instruments | RISKOMETER Investors understand that their principal will be at very high risk | NIFTY Housing (Total Returns Index) NIFTY Housing (Moderate) NIFTY Housing (Total Returns Index) |
| HDFC Dynamic PE Ratio Fund of Funds (An open ended Fund of Fund scheme investing in equity and debt schemes of HDFC Mutual Fund) | Capital appreciation over long term Investment in specified equity and debt schemes of HDFC Mutual Fund based on PE Ratios | RISKOMETER Investors understand that their principal will be at high risk | NIFTY 50 Hybrid Composite Debt 65:35 Index Moderate Moderate High High RISKOMETER |

*Investors should consult their financial advisers if in doubt about whether the product is suitable for them.
#For latest riskometer, investors may refer to the Monthly Portfolios disclosed on the website of the Fund viz. www.hdfcfund.com

^{*}Investors in the Scheme shall bear the recurring expenses of the Scheme in addition to the expenses of other schemes in which this Fund of Funds scheme makes investment (subject to regulatory limits).

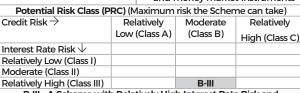
HDFC Floating Rate Debt Fund

NAME OF SCHEME

[An open ended debt scheme predominantly investing in floating rate instruments (including fixed rate instruments converted to floating rate exposures using swaps/derivatives) A Relatively High Interest Rate Risk and Moderate Credit Risk]

THIS PRODUCT IS SUITABLE FOR INVESTORS WHO ARE SEEKING* • Income over short term

 To generate income / capital appreciation through investment in a portfolio comprising substantially of floating rate debt, fixed rate debt instruments swapped for floating rate returns and money market instruments



B-III - A Scheme with Relatively High Interest Rate Risk and Moderate Credit Risk.

Noderates High September 1 Noderates High Septem

low to moderate risk

SCHEME

RISKOMETER#

CRISIL Short Duration Debt A-II Index

BENCHMARK



HDFC Medium Term Debt Fund

[An open ended medium term debt scheme investing in instruments such that the Macaulay Duration of the portfolio is between 3 years and 4 years. A Relatively High Interest Rate Risk and Relatively High Credit Risk]

- Income over medium term
- To generate income / capital appreciation through investments in Debt and Money Market Instruments

| Potential Risk Class (P | RC) (Maximum | risk the Scher | ne can take) | |
|---|---------------------|----------------|----------------|--|
| Credit Risk → | Relatively Moderate | | Relatively | |
| | Low (Class A) | (Class B) | High (Class C) | |
| Interest Rate Risk ψ | | | | |
| Relatively Low (Class I) | | | | |
| Moderate (Class II) | | | | |
| Relatively High (Class III) C-III | | | | |
| C-III-A Scheme with Relatively High Interest Rate Risk and Relatively High Credit Risk. | | | | |



Investors understand that their principal will be at moderately high risk



HDFC Credit Risk Debt

[An open ended debt scheme predominantly investing in AA and below rated corporate bonds (excluding AA+ rated corporate bonds) A Relatively High Interest Rate Risk and Relatively High Credit Risk]

- Income over short to medium term
- To generate income/capital appreciation by investing predominantly in AA and below rated corporate debt (excluding AA+ rated corporate bonds)



Investors understand that their principal will be at moderately high risk



| Potential Risk Class (PRC) (Maximum risk the Scheme can take) | | | | |
|---|------------------|----------------|----------------|--|
| Credit Risk → | Relatively | Moderate | Relatively | |
| | Low (Class A) | (Class B) | High (Class C) | |
| Interest Rate Risk ψ | | | | |
| Relatively Low (Class I) | | | | |
| Moderate (Class II) | | | | |
| Relatively High (Class III) | | | C-III | |
| C-III-A Scheme with Rela | tively High Inte | rest Rate Risk | and Relatively | |

C-III-A Scheme with Relatively High Interest Rate Risk and Relatively High Credit Risk.

HDFC Income Fund

[An open ended medium term debt scheme investing in instruments such that the Macaulay Duration of the Portfolio is between 4 years and 7 years. A Relatively High Interest Rate Risk and Moderate Credit Risk]

- Income over medium to long term
- To generate income / capital appreciation through investments in debt and money market instruments

| Potential Risk Class (PRC) (Maximum risk the Scheme can take) | | | | | |
|--|-------------------------|-----------|----------------|--|--|
| Credit Risk $ ightarrow$ | Relatively Low Moderate | | Relatively | | |
| | (Class A) | (Class B) | High (Class C) | | |
| Interest Rate Risk \lor | | | | | |
| Relatively Low (Class I) | | | | | |
| Moderate (Class II) | | | | | |
| Relatively High (Class III) B-III | | | | | |
| B-III - A Scheme with Relatively High Interest Rate Risk and Moderate Credit Risk | | | | | |



Investors understand that their principal will be at moderate risk

CRISIL Medium to Long Duration Debt A-III Index



Benchmark and Scheme Riskometer as on July 31, 2024

Investors should consult their financial advisers if in doubt about whether the product is suitable for them.

#For latest riskometer, investors may refer to the Monthly Portfolios disclosed on the website of the Fund viz. www.hdfcfund.com

| NAME OF SCHEME | THIS PRODUCT IS SUITABLE FOR INVESTORS WHO ARE SEEKING* | SCHEME RISKOMETER# |
|---|---|---|
| HDFC Transportation and Logistics Fund (An open-ended equity scheme investing in Transportation and Logistics themed companies) | To generate long-term capital appreciation Investment predominantly in equity & equity related instruments of companies under Transportation and Logistics theme | |
| HDFC Defence Fund (An open-ended equity scheme investing in Defence & allied sector companies) | To generate long-term capital appreciation/income Investment predominantly in equity & equity related instruments of defence and allied sector companies | |
| HDFC Technology Fund (An open-ended equity scheme investing in Technology & technology related companies) | To generate long-term capital appreciation Investment predominantly in equity & equity related instruments of Technology & technology related companies | |
| HDFC Pharma and Healthcare Fund (An open-ended equity scheme investing in Pharma and healthcare companies) | To generate long-term capital appreciation Investment predominantly in equity & equity related instruments of Pharma and healthcare companies | |
| HDFC Multi Cap Fund (An open ended equity scheme investing across large cap, mid cap & small cap stocks) | To generate long-term capital appreciation/ income Investment in equity and equity related securities of large cap, mid cap and small cap companies | |
| HDFC Top 100 Fund (An open ended equity scheme predominantly investing in large cap stocks) | To generate long-term capital appreciation / income Investment predominantly in Large-Cap companies | |
| HDFC Mid-Cap Opportunities Fund (An open ended equity scheme | To generate long-term capital appreciation / income Investment predominantly in Mid-Cap companies | |
| HDFC Small Cap Fund (An open ended equity scheme predominantly investing in small cap stocks) | To generate long-term capital appreciation / income Investment predominantly in Small-Cap companies | Moderate Moderately High |
| HDFC Large and Mid Cap Fund (An open ended equity scheme investing in both large cap and mid cap stocks) | To generate long-term capital appreciation/income Investment predominantly in Large Cap and Mid Cap companies | RISKOMETER |
| HDFC Capital Builder Value Fund (An open ended equity scheme following a | To generate long-term capital appreciation / income in the long term Investment primarily in undervalued stocks | Investors understand that their principal will be at very high risk |
| value investment strategy) HDFC Dividend Yield Fund (An open ended equity scheme predominantly investing in dividend yielding stocks) | Capital appreciation over long term/regular income Investment predominantly in equity and equity related Instruments of dividend yielding companies | |
| HDFC Business Cycle Fund (An open ended equity scheme following business cycle based investing theme) | To generate long-term capital appreciation/income Investment predominantly in equity & equity related instruments of business cycle based theme | |
| HDFC Banking & Financial Services Fund (An open ended equity scheme investing in Banking and Financial Services Sector) | To generate long-term capital appreciation/income Investment predominantly in equity & equity related instruments of banking and financial services companies | |
| HDFC NIFTY Realty Index Fund An open-ended scheme replicating/ tracking NIFTY Realty Index (TRI) | Returns that are commensurate (before fees and expenses) with the performance of the NIFTY Realty Index (TRI) over long term, subject to tracking error Investment in equity securities covered by the NIFTY Realty | |
| HDFC Manufacturing Fund (An open-ended equity scheme following manufacturing theme) | Index To generate longterm capital appreciation Investment predominantly in equity & equity related securities of companies engaged in the manufacturing theme | |
| HDFC MNC Fund (An open ended equity scheme following multinational company (MNC) theme) | To generate long-term capital appreciation/income Investment predominantly in equity & equity related instruments of multinational companies | |

Scheme Riskometer as on July 31, 2024
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#For latest riskometer, investors may refer to the Monthly Portfolios disclosed on the website of the Fund viz. www.hdfcfund.com

| NAME OF SCHEME | THIS PRODUCT IS SUITABLE FOR INVESTORS WHO ARE SEEKING* | SCHEME RISKOMETER# |
|--|--|---|
| HDFC Hybrid Equity Fund (An open ended hybrid scheme investing predominantly in equity and equity related instruments) | To generate long-term capital appreciation / income Investments predominantly in equity & equity related instruments. The Scheme will also invest in debt and money market instruments | |
| HDFC Children's Gift Fund [An open ended fund for investment for children having a lock-in for atleast 5 years or till the child attains age of majority (whichever is earlier)] | Capital appreciation over long term Investment in equity and equity related instruments as well as debt and money market instruments | |
| HDFC Index Fund - NIFTY 50 Plan [An open ended scheme replicating / tracking NIFTY 50 index [TRI]] | Returns that are commensurate with the performance of the NIFTY 50, subject to tracking errors over long term Investment in equity securities covered by the NIFTY 50 | |
| HDFC Index Fund - BSE SENSEX Plan (Name changed from HDFC Index Fund - S&P BSE SENSEX Plan w.e.f. June 1, 2024) (An open ended scheme replicating / tracking BSE SENSEX index (TRI)] | Returns that are commensurate with the performance of the BSE SENSEX, subject to tracking errors over long term Investment in equity securities covered by the BSE SENSEX | |
| HDFC NIFTY 100 Index Fund [An open ended scheme replicating / tracking NIFTY 100 index (TRI)] | Returns that are commensurate (before fees and expenses) with the performance of the NIFTY 100 Index (TRI) over long term, subject to tracking error Investment in equity securities covered by the NIFTY 100 Index | |
| HDFC NIFTY50 Equal Weight Index Fund [An open ended scheme replicating/ tracking NIFTY50 Equal Weight Index (TRI)] | Returns that are commensurate (before fees and expenses) with the performance of the NIFTY50 Equal Weight Index over long term, subject to tracking error Investment in securities covered by the NIFTY50 Equal Weight Index | Moderate Moderates High |
| HDFC NIFTY 100 Equal Weight Index Fund [An open ended scheme replicating/tracking NIFTY100 Equal Weight Index (TRI)] | Returns that are commensurate (before fees and expenses) with the performance of the NIFTY 100 Equal Weight Index (TRI) over long term, subject to tracking error Investment in equity securities covered by the NIFTY 100 Equal Weight Index | RISKOMETER Investors understand that they principal will be at very high risk |
| HDFC NIFTY200 Momentum 30 Index Fund [(An open-ended scheme replicating/tracking NIFTY200 Momentum 30 Index (TRI).] | Returns that are commensurate (before fees and expenses) with the performance of the NIFTY200 Momentum 30 Index (TRI) over long term, subject to tracking error Investment in equity securities covered by the NIFTY200 Momentum 30 Index | |
| HDFC NIFTY PSU Bank ETF [An open ended scheme replicating/tracking NIFTY PSU Bank Index (TRI)] | Returns that are commensurate (before fees and expenses) with the performance of the NIFTY PSU Bank Index (TRI), over long term, subject to tracking error Investment in securities covered by the NIFTY PSU Bank | |
| HDFC Non-Cyclical Consumer Fund (An open ended equity scheme following non-cyclical consumer theme) | Index (TRI) To generate long-term capital appreciation/income Investment in equity and equity related securities of companies with a focus on non-cyclical consumer theme | |
| HDFC NIFTY100 Low Volatility 30 Index Fund [An open ended scheme replicating/tracking NIFTY100 Low Volatility 30 Index (TRI)] | Returns that are commensurate (before fees and expenses) with the performance of the NIFTY100 Low Volatility 30 Index (TRI) over long term, subject to tracking error. Investment in equity securities covered by the NIFTY100 Low Volatility 70 Index. | |
| HDFC Nifty500 Multicap 50:25:25 Index Fund (An open ended scheme replicating/tracking Nifty500 Multicap 50:25:25 Index) | Returns that are commensurate (before fees and expenses) with the performance of the Nifty500 Multicap 50:25:25 Index (TRI) over long term, subject to tracking error Investment in equity securities covered by the Nifty500 | |
| Scheme Riskometer as on July 31, 2024 | Multicap 50:25:25 Index (TRI) | |

Scheme Riskometer as on July 31, 2024
*Investors should consult their financial advisers if in doubt about whether the product is suitable for them.
#For latest riskometer, investors may refer to the Monthly Portfolios disclosed on the website of the Fund viz. www.hdfcfund.com

| NAME OF SCHEME | THIS PRODUCT IS SUITABLE FOR INVESTORS WHO ARE SEEKING* | SCHEME RISKOMETER# |
|--|--|--|
| HDFC Arbitrage Fund (An open ended scheme investing in arbitrage opportunities) | Income over short term Income through arbitrage opportunities between cash and derivative market and arbitrage opportunities within the derivative segment. | RISKOMETER Investors understand that their principal will be at low risk |
| HDFC NIFTY Next 50 Index Fund [An open ended scheme replicating/tracking NIFTY Next 50 Index (TRI)] | Returns that are commensurate (before fees and expenses) with the performance of the NIFTY Next 50 Index over long term, subject to tracking error | |
| HDFC NIFTY Midcap 150 Index Fund An open ended scheme replicating/ NIFTY Midcap 150 Index (TRI) | Investment in securities covered by the NIFTY Next 50 Index Returns that are commensurate (before fees and expenses) with the performance of the NIFTY Midcap 150 Index (TRI) over long term, subject to tracking error Investment in equity securities covered by the NIFTY | |
| HDFC NIFTY Smallcap 250 Index Fund An open ended scheme replicating/ NIFTY Smallcap 250 Index (TRI) | Midcap 150 Index Returns that are commensurate (before fees and expenses) with the performance of the NIFTY Smallcap 250 Index (TRI) over long term, subject to tracking error Investment in equity securities covered by the NIFTY | |
| HDFC BSE 500 Index Fund Name changed from HDFC S&P BSE 500 Index Fund w.e.f. June 1, 2024) An open ended scheme replicating/tracking BSE 500 Index (TRI) | Smallcap 250 Index Returns that are commensurate (before fees and expenses) with the performance of the BSE 500 Index (TRI) over long term, subject to tracking error Investment in equity securities covered by the BSE 500 Index | |
| HDFC NIFTY 50 ETF [An open ended scheme replicating / tracking NIFTY 50 index (TRI)] | Returns that are commensurate with the performance of the NIFTY 50, subject to tracking errors over long term Investment in equity securities covered by the NIFTY 50 | |
| HDFC BSE SENSEX ETF (Name changed from HDFC S&P BSE SENSEX ETF w.e.f. June 1, 2024) (An open ended scheme replicating / tracking BSE SENSEX index (TRI)] | Returns that are commensurate with the performance of the BSE SENSEX, subject to tracking errors over long term Investment in equity securities covered by the BSE SENSEX | Moderale Moderales Signature Signatu |
| HDFC NIFTY Bank ETF [An open ended scheme replicating / tracking NIFTY Bank Index (TRI)] | Returns that are commensurate with the performance of the NIFTY Bank Index (Total Returns Index), subject to tracking error, over long term Investment in equity securities covered by the NIFTY Bank | RISKOMETER Investors understand that their principal will be at very high risk |
| HDFC NIFTY 100 ETF [An open ended scheme replicating/tracking NIFTY 100 Index (TRI)] | Returns that are commensurate (before fees and expenses) with the performance of the NIFTY 100 Index (TRI), over long term, subject to tracking error | |
| HDFC NIFTY Next 50 ETF [An open ended scheme replicating/tracking NIFTY Next 50 Index (TRI)] | Investment in securities covered by the NIFTY 100 Index Returns that are commensurate (before fees and expenses) with the performance of the NIFTY Next 50 Index (TRI), over long term, subject to tracking error | |
| HDFC NIFTY50 VALUE 20 ETF An open ended scheme replicating/tracking NIFTY50 Value 20 Index (TRI) | Investment in securities covered by the NIFTY Next 50 Index Returns that are commensurate (before fees and expenses) with the performance of the NIFTY50 Value 20 Index (TRI), over long term, subject to tracking error. | |
| HDFC NIFTY100 Quality 30 | Investment in securities covered by the NIFTY50 Value 20 Index Returns that are commensurate (before fees and expenses) | |
| ETF An open ended scheme replicating/tracking NIFTY100 Quality 30 Index (TRI) | with the performance of the NIFTY100 Quality 30 Index Index (TRI), over long term, subject to tracking error Investment in securities covered by the NIFTY100 Quality 30 Index Index | |

Scheme Riskometer as on July 31, 2024
*Investors should consult their financial advisers if in doubt about whether the product is suitable for them.
#For latest riskometer, investors may refer to the Monthly Portfolios disclosed on the website of the Fund viz. www.hdfcfund.com

| NAME OF SCHEME | THIS PRODUCT IS SUITABLE FOR INVESTORS WHO ARE SEEKING* | SCHEME RISKOMETER# |
|--|---|--|
| HDFC NIFTY Growth Sectors 15 ETF An open ended scheme replicating/tracking NIFTY Growth Sectors 15 Index (TRI) | Returns that are commensurate (before fees and expenses) with the performance of the NIFTY Growth Sectors 15 Index (TRI), over long term, subject to tracking error Investment in securities covered by the NIFTY Growth Sectors 15 Index | |
| HDFC NIFTY100 Low Volatility 30 ETF An open ended scheme replicating/tracking NIFTY100 Low Volatility 30 Index (TRI) | Returns that are commensurate (before fees and expenses) with the performance of the NIFTY100 Low Volatility 30 Index (TRI), over long term, subject to tracking error Investment in securities covered by the NIFTY100 Low Volatility 30 Index | |
| HDFC NIFTY200 Momentum 30 ETF An open ended scheme replicating/tracking NIFTY200 Momentum 30 Index (TRI) | Returns that are commensurate (before fees and expenses) with the performance of the NIFTY200 Momentum 30 Index (TRI), over long term, subject to tracking error Investment in securities covered by the NIFTY200 Momentum 30 Index | |
| HDFC NIFTY IT ETF An open ended scheme replicating/tracking NIFTY IT Index (TRI) | Returns that are commensurate (before fees and expenses) with the performance of the NIFTY IT Index (TRI), over long term, subject to tracking error. Investment in securities covered by the NIFTY IT Index | The Moderate Moderately High Ties |
| HDFC NIFTY Private Bank ETF An open ended scheme replicating/tracking NIFTY Private Bank Index (TRI) | Returns that are commensurate (before fees and expenses) with the performance of the NIFTY Private Bank Index (TRI), over long term, subject to tracking error Investment in securities covered by the NIFTY Private Bank | RISKOMETER Investors understand that their principal will be at very high risk |
| HDFC NIFTY Midcap 150 ETF An open ended scheme replicating/tracking NIFTY Midcap 150 Index (TRI) | Returns that are commensurate (before fees and expenses) with the performance of the NIFTY Midcap 150 Index (TRI), over long term, subject to tracking error | |
| | Investment in securities covered by the NIFTY Midcap 150 Index | |
| HDFC NIFTY Smallcap 250 ETF An open ended scheme replicating/tracking NIFTY Smallcap 250 Index (TRI) | Returns that are commensurate (before fees and expenses) with the performance of the NIFTY Smallcap 250 Index (TRI), over long term, subject to tracking error Investment in securities covered by the NIFTY Smallcap | |
| HDFC BSE 500 ETF (Name changed from HDFC S&P BSE 500 ETF w.e.f. June 1, 2024) An open ended scheme replicating/tracking BSE 500 Index (TRI) | Returns that are commensurate (before fees and expenses) with the performance of the BSE 500 Index (TRI), over long term, subject to tracking error Investment in securities covered by the BSE 500 Index | |
| HDFC Gold ETF (An open ended scheme replicating / tracking performance of Gold) | Returns that are commensurate with the performance of gold, subject to tracking errors, over long term Investment predominantly in Gold bullion of 0.995 fineness | Moderate Moderates High |
| HDFC Multi-Asset Fund (An open ended scheme investing in equity and equity related instruments, debt & money market instruments and gold related instruments) | To generate long-term capital appreciation/income Investments in a diversified portfolio of equity & equity related instruments, debt & money market instruments and Gold related instruments | RISKOMETER Investors understand that their principal will be at high risk |
| HDFC Equity Savings Fund (An open ended scheme investing in equity, arbitrage and debt) | Capital appreciation while generating income over medium to long term Provide capital appreciation and income distribution to the investors by using equity and equity related instruments, arbitrage opportunities, and investments in debt and money market instruments | RISKOMETER Investors understand that their principal will be at moderately high risk |

Scheme Riskometer as on July 31, 2024
"Investors should consult their financial advisers if in doubt about whether the product is suitable for them.
#For latest riskometer, investors may refer to the Monthly Portfolios disclosed on the website of the Fund viz. www.hdfcfund.com

NAME OF SCHEME THIS PRODUCT IS SUITABLE FOR INVESTORS WHO SCHEME **ARE SEEKING*** RISKOMETER# **HDFC Gold Fund** · Capital appreciation over long term (An open ended Fund of Fund scheme Investment in Units of HDFC Gold Exchange Traded Fund investing in HDFC Gold Exchange Traded (HGETF). HGETF invests in gold bullion of 0.995 fineness **HDFC Silver ETF** • Returns that are commensurate with the performance of Moderate/s Moderate (An open ended Exchange Traded Fund (ETF) Silver, subject to tracking errors, over long term High replicating/tracking performance of Silver) Investment in Silver bullion of 0.999 fineness. **HDFC Silver ETF Fund of Fund** Capital appreciation over long term An open ended Fund of Fund scheme Investment in Units of HDFC Silver ETF (HSETF). HSETF investing in HDFC Silver ETF invests in Silver and Silver related instruments Investors understand that their principal will be very high risk · Returns that closely correspond to the performance of the **HDFC Developed World** MSCI World Index, subject to tracking errors, over long term **Indexes Fund of Funds** (An open ended fund of funds scheme Investments in units/shares of overseas equity Index Funds investing in units/shares of overseas Index and/or ETFs Funds and/or ETFs which will in aggregate track the MSCI World Index) · Current Income with high degree of liquidity **HDFC NIFTY 1D Rate Liquid ETF** open ended Scheme replicating/tracking / 1D Rate Index (TRI.) A Relatively Low • Investment in TREPS covered by the NIFTY 1D Rate Index Interest Rate Risk and Relatively Low Credit Risk)

| Potential Risk Class (PRC) (Maximum risk the Scheme can take) | | | | |
|--|---|--|--|--|
| Credit Risk → Relatively Low (Class A) Moderate (Class B) Relatively High (Cla | | | | |
| Interest Rate Risk ψ | A-I | | | |
| Relatively Low (Class I) | | | | |
| Moderate (Class II) | | | | |
| Relatively High (Class III) | | | | |
| A-I - A Scheme | A-I - A Scheme with Relatively Low Interest Rate Risk and Relatively Low Credit Risk. | | | |

HDFC Overnight Fund

(An open ended debt scheme investing in overnight securities. A Relatively Low Interest Rate Risk and Relatively Low Credit Risk)

- Regular income over short term that may be in line with the overnight call rates
- To generate returns by investing in debt and money market instruments with overnight maturity

| | | . | • | |
|---|--------------------------|---|---|--|
| Potential Risk Class (PRC) (Maximum risk the Scheme can take) | | | | |
| Credit Risk → | Relatively Low (Class A) | elatively Low (Class A) Moderate (Class B) Relatively High (Class C | | |
| Interest Rate Risk ψ | A-I | | | |
| Relatively Low (Class I) | | | | |
| Moderate (Class II) | | | | |
| Relatively High (Class III) | | | | |
| | | | | |

A-I - A Scheme with Relatively Low Interest Rate Risk and Relatively Low Credit Risk.

HDFC Liquid Fund

(An open ended liquid scheme. A Relatively Low Interest Rate Risk and Moderate Credit Risk)

- Regular income over short term
- To generate income through a portfolio comprising money market and debt instruments

| Potential Risk Class (PRC) (Maximum risk the Scheme can take) | | | | |
|---|----------------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|--|
| Credit Risk → | Relatively Low (Class A) | Moderate (Class B) | Relatively High (Class C) | |
| Interest Rate Risk | | B-I | | |
| Relatively Low (Class I) | | | | |
| Moderate (Class II) | | | | |
| Relatively High (Class III) | | | | |
| D.I. A Colores | a veritle Deletively Level Inter | east Data Diels and Madava | to Credit Diels | |

B-I - A Scheme with Relatively Low Interest Rate Risk and Moderate Credit Risk.

HDFC Ultra Short Term Fund

[An open ended ultra-short term debt scheme investing in instruments such that the Macaulay Duration of the portfolio is between 3 months and 6 months. A Moderate Interest Rate Risk and Moderate Credit Risk]

- Income over short term
- Income/capital appreciation through investment in debt securities and money market instruments

| Potential Risk Class (PRC) (Maximum risk the Scheme can take) | | | | | |
|--|--------------------------|--------------------|---------------------------|--|--|
| Credit Risk → | Relatively Low (Class A) | Moderate (Class B) | Relatively High (Class C) | | |
| Interest Rate Risk ψ | | | | | |
| Relatively Low (Class I) | | B-II | | | |
| Moderate (Class II) | | | | | |
| Relatively High (Class III) | | | | | |
| B-II - A Scheme with Moderate Interest Rate Risk and Moderate Credit Risk. | | | | | |

Moderate Moderately High

RISKOMETER

Investors understand that their principal will be at

low risk

Investors understand that their principal will be at low to moderate risk

Scheme Riskometer as on July 31, 2024

Investors should consult their financial advisers if in doubt about whether the product is suitable for them.

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THIS PRODUCT IS SUITABLE FOR INVESTORS WHO ARE SEEKING*

SCHEME RISKOMETER#

HDFC Money Market Fund

(An open ended debt scheme investing in money market instruments. A Relatively Low Interest Rate Risk and Moderate Credit Risk)

- · Income over short term
- To generate income / capital appreciation by investing in money market instruments

Potential Risk Class (PRC) (Maximum risk the Scheme can take) Credit Risk → Relatively Low (Class A) Moderate (Class B) Relatively High (Class C) Interest Rate Risk ψ B-I Relatively Low (Class I) Moderate (Class II) Relatively High (Class III)

B-I - A Scheme with Relatively Low Interest Rate Risk and Moderate Credit Risk.

HDFC Low Duration Fund

[An open ended low duration debt scheme investing in instruments such that the Macaulay Duration of the portfolio is between 6 months and 12 months. A Relatively High Interest Rate Risk and Moderate Credit Risk]

- Income over short term
- To generate income / capital appreciation through investment in debt securities and money market instruments



low to moderate risk

| Potential Risk Class (PRC) (Maximum risk the Scheme can take) | | | | | |
|--|---|--|--|--|--|
| Credit Risk → | Relatively Low (Class A) Moderate (Class B) Relatively High (Class C) | | | | |
| Interest Rate Risk ψ | | | | | |
| Relatively Low (Class I) | | | | | |
| Moderate (Class II) | | | | | |
| Relatively High (Class III) B-III | | | | | |
| B-III - A Scheme with Relatively High Interest Rate Risk and Moderate Credit Risk. | | | | | |

HDFC Short Term Debt Fund

[An open ended short term debt scheme investing in instruments such that the Macaulay Duration of the portfolio is between 1 year and 3 years. A Relatively High Interest Rate Risk and Moderate Credit Risk1

- · Income over short term
- To generate income / capital appreciation through investments in Debt and Money Market Instruments



moderate risl

| Credit RISK 7 | Relatively Low (Class A) | Moderate (Class B) | Relatively High (Class C) |
|--|--------------------------|--------------------|---------------------------|
| Interest Rate Risk ψ | | | |
| Relatively Low (Class I) | | | |
| Moderate (Class II) | | | |
| Relatively High (Class III) | | B-III | |
| B-III - A Scheme with Relatively High Interest Rate Risk and Moderate Credit Risk. | | | |

Potential Risk Class (PRC) (Maximum risk the Scheme can take)

HDFC Long Duration Debt Fund

C Ir

(An open ended debt scheme investing in instruments such that the Macaulay Duration of the portfolio is greater than 7 years, A Relatively High Interest Rate Risk and Relatively Low Credit Risk)

- Income over the long term
- To generate income / capital appreciation through investments in debt and money market instruments



Potential Risk Class (PRC) (Maximum risk the Scheme can take) Relatively Low (Class A) Moderate (Class B) Relatively High (Class C) Interest Rate Risk ψ Relatively Low (Class I) Moderate (Class II) Relatively High (Class III) A-III

A-III - A Scheme with Relatively High Interest Rate Risk and Relatively Low Credit Risk.

HDFC Gilt Fund

Credit Risk →

(An open ended debt scheme investing in government securities across maturities A Relatively High Interest Rate Risk and Relatively Low Credit Risk)

- · Credit risk free returns over medium to long term
- To generate credit risk-free returns through investments in sovereign securities issued by the Central Government and/or State Government

| relatively 2011 Greate History | and/or State Government | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|
| Potei | Potential Risk Class (PRC) (Maximum risk the Scheme can take) | | | |
| Credit Risk → | Credit Risk → Relatively Low (Class A) Moderate (Class B) Relatively High (Cla | | | |
| Interest Rate Risk \checkmark | | | | |
| Relatively Low (Class I) | | | | |
| Moderate (Class II) | | | | |
| Relatively High (Class III) | A-III | | | |
| A-III - A Scheme with Relatively High Interest Rate Risk and Relatively Low Credit Risk. | | | | |



moderate risk

Scheme Riskometer as on July 31, 2024

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THIS PRODUCT IS SUITABLE FOR INVESTORS WHO ARE SEEKING*

SCHEME RISKOMETER#

HDFC Banking and PSU Debt Fund

(An open ended debt scheme predominantly investing in debt instruments of banks, public sector undertakings, public financial institutions and municipal bonds. A Relatively High Interest Rate Risk and Moderate Credit

- · Income over short to medium term
- To generate income / capital appreciation through investments in debt and money market instruments consisting predominantly of securities issued by entities such as Scheduled Commercial Banks (SCBs), Public Sector undertakings (PSUs), Public Financial Institutions (PFIs), Municipal Corporations and such other bodies



| Potential RISK Class (PRC) (Maximum risk the Scheme can take) | | | |
|--|--------------------------|--------------------|---------------------------|
| Credit Risk → | Relatively Low (Class A) | Moderate (Class B) | Relatively High (Class C) |
| Interest Rate Risk $\sqrt{}$ | | | |
| Relatively Low (Class I) | | | |
| Moderate (Class II) | | | |
| Relatively High (Class III) | | B-III | |
| D. III. A Colombia videl Deletion by High Internet Data Dide and Mandamata Condit Dide | | | |

B-III - A Scheme with Relatively High Interest Rate Risk and Moderate Credit Risk.

HDFC Corporate Bond Fund

(An open ended debt scheme predominantly investing in AA+ and above rated corporate bonds A Relatively High Interest Rate Risk and Moderate Credit Risk)

Credit Risk →

Interest Rate Risk ψ Relatively Low (Class I)

Moderate (Class II) Relatively High (Class III)

- Income over short to medium term
- To generate income/capital appreciation through investments predominantly in AA+ and above rated corporate bonds

Moderate (Class B)

| Moderates Modera | | |
|--|--|--|
| RISKOMETER | | |
| Investors understand that their principal will be at | | |

Relatively High (Class C)

B-III - A Scheme with Relatively High Interest Rate Risk and Moderate Credit Risk.

Potential Risk Class (PRC) (Maximum risk the Scheme can take)

Relatively Low (Class A)

moderate risk

HDFC Dynamic Debt Fund

(An open ended dynamic debt scheme investing across duration. A Relatively High Interest Rate Risk and Moderate Credit Risk)

- Income over medium to long term
- To generate income / capital appreciation by investing in a range of debt and money market instruments



| Potential Risk Class (PRC) (Maximum risk the Scheme can take) | | | | |
|--|--------------------------|--------------------|---------------------------|--|
| Credit Risk → | Relatively Low (Class A) | Moderate (Class B) | Relatively High (Class C) | |
| Interest Rate Risk \checkmark | | | | |
| Relatively Low (Class I) | | | | |
| Moderate (Class II) | | | | |
| Relatively High (Class III) | | B-III | | |
| B-III - A Scheme with Relatively High Interest Rate Risk and Moderate Credit Risk. | | | | |

HDFC Nifty G-Sec Dec 2026 Index Fund

(An open ended target maturity scheme replicating/tracking Nifty G-sec Dec 2026 Index. A Relatively High Interest Rate Risk and Relatively Low Credit Risk)

Potential Risk Cl

Relatively

- Returns that are commensurate (before fees and expenses) with the performance of the Nifty G-sec Dec 2026 Index, subject to tracking difference over long term
- Investment in Government Securities/SDL. TREPS on Government Securities/Treasury bills

| Nobertale Moderates Hogs Till Till Till Till Till Till Till Til | | | |
|---|--|--|--|
| RISKOMETER | | | |
| Investors understand that their principal will be at low to moderate risk | | | |

| lass (PRC) (Maximum risk the Scheme can take) | | | |
|---|--------------------|---------------------------|--|
| / Low (Class A) | Moderate (Class B) | Relatively High (Class C) | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |

A-III - A Scheme with Relatively High Interest Rate Risk and Relatively Low Credit Risk.

Scheme Riskometer as on July 31, 2024

Credit Risk →

Interest Rate Risk $\sqrt{}$ Relatively Low (Class I)

Moderate (Class II) Relatively High (Class III)

*Investors should consult their financial advisers if in doubt about whether the product is suitable for them. #For latest riskometer, investors may refer to the Monthly Portfolios disclosed on the website of the Fund viz. www.hdfcfund.com

THIS PRODUCT IS SUITABLE FOR INVESTORS WHO ARE SEEKING*

SCHEME RISKOMETER#

HDFC Nifty G-Sec Jul 2031 Index Fund

(An open ended target maturity scheme replicating/tracking Nifty G-Sec July 2031 Index. A Relatively High Interest Rate Risk and Relatively Low Credit Risk)

- Returns that are commensurate (before fees and expenses) with the performance of the Nifty G-Sec July 2031 Index, subject to tracking difference over long term
- Investment in Government Securities/SDL, TREPS on Government Securities/Treasury bills



| Credit Risk → | Relatively Low (Class A) | Moderate (Class B) | Relatively High (Class C) |
|-----------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------|---------------------------|
| Interest Rate Risk ψ | | | |
| Relatively Low (Class I) | | | |
| Moderate (Class II) | | | |
| Relatively High (Class III) | A-III | | |

Potential Risk Class (PRC) (Maximum risk the Scheme can take)

A-III - A Scheme with Relatively High Interest Rate Risk and Relatively Low Credit Risk.

HDFC Nifty G- Sec Jun 2027 Index Fund

(An open ended target maturity scheme replicating/tracking Nifty G- Sec Jun 2027 Index. A Relatively High Interest Rate Risk and Relatively Low Credit Risk)

- Returns that are commensurate (before fees and expenses) with the performance of the Nifty G- Sec Jun 2027 Index, subject to tracking difference over long term
- Investment in Government Securities/SDL, TREPS on Government Securities/Treasury bills

| Moderate Moderates High | | | |
|---|--|--|--|
| RISKOMETER | | | |
| Investors understand that their principal will be at low to moderate risk | | | |

| Potential RISK Class (PRC) (Maximum risk the Scheme can take) | | | | |
|--|--------------------------|--------------------|---------------------------|--|
| Credit Risk $ ightarrow$ | Relatively Low (Class A) | Moderate (Class B) | Relatively High (Class C) | |
| Interest Rate Risk ψ | | | | |
| Relatively Low (Class I) | | | | |
| Moderate (Class II) | | | | |
| Relatively High (Class III) | A-III | | | |
| A-III - A Scheme with Relatively High Interest Rate Risk and Relatively Low Credit Risk. | | | | |

HDFC Nifty G-Sec Sep 2032 Index Fund

(An open ended target maturity scheme replicating/tracking Nifty G-Sec Sep 2032 Index. A Relatively High Interest Rate Risk and Relatively Low Credit Risk)

- Returns that are commensurate (before fees and expenses) with the performance of the Nifty G-Sec Sep 2032 Index, subject to tracking difference over long term
- Investment in Government Securities/SDL, TREPS on Government Securities/Treasury bills

| Potential Risk Class (PRC) (Maximum risk the Scheme can take) | | | | |
|---|--------------------------|--------------------|---------------------------|--|
| Credit Risk → | Relatively Low (Class A) | Moderate (Class B) | Relatively High (Class C) | |
| Interest Rate Risk \lor | | | | |
| Relatively Low (Class I) | | | | |
| Moderate (Class II) | | | | |
| Relatively High (Class III) | A-III | | | |
| | 1.1 - 1.1 1 1.1 1 1.1 | | | |



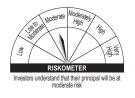
A-III - A Scheme with Relatively High Interest Rate Risk and Relatively Low Credit Risk.

HDFC NIFTY G- Sec Apr 2029 Index Fund

(An open ended target maturity scheme replicating/tracking NIFTY GSec Apr 2029 Index. A Relatively High Interest Rate Risk and Relatively Low Credit Risk)

- Returns that are commensurate (before fees and expenses) with the performance of the NIFTY G- Sec Apr 2029 Index, subject to tracking difference over long term
- Investment in Government Securities/SDL, TREPS on Government Securities/Treasury bills

| Potential Risk Class (PRC) (Maximum risk the Scheme can take) | | | | | |
|--|----------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Credit Risk → Relatively Low (Class A) Moderate (Class B) Relatively High (Class C) | | | | | |
| Interest Rate Risk \lor | Interest Rate Risk V | | | | |
| Relatively Low (Class I) | | | | | |
| Moderate (Class II) | | | | | |
| Relatively High (Class III) | A-III | | | | |
| A-III - A Scheme with Relatively High Interest Rate Risk and Relatively Low Credit Risk. | | | | | |



Scheme Riskometer as on July 31, 2024

#For latest riskometer, investors may refer to the Monthly Portfolios disclosed on the website of the Fund viz. www.hdfcfund.com

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SCHEME RISKOMETER#

HDFC NIFTY G-Sec Jun 2036 Index Fund

(An open ended target maturity scheme replicating/tracking NIFTY G-sec Jun 2036 Index. A Relatively High Interest Rate Risk and Relatively Low Credit Risk)

- Returns that are commensurate (before fees and expenses) with the performance of the NIFTY G-sec Jun 2036 Index. subject to tracking difference over long term
- Investment in Government Securities/SDL, TREPS on Government Securities/Treasury bills



| i destination state (i ite) (i iaxii i | | | | |
|--|--------------------------|--------------------|---------------------------|--|
| Credit Risk → | Relatively Low (Class A) | Moderate (Class B) | Relatively High (Class C) | |
| Interest Rate Risk ψ | | | | |
| Relatively Low (Class I) | | | | |
| Moderate (Class II) | | | | |
| Relatively High (Class III) | A-III | | | |
| A-III - A Scheme with Relatively High Interest Rate Risk and Relatively Low Credit Risk. | | | | |

Potential Risk Class (PRC) (Maximum risk the Scheme can take)

HDFC NIFTY SDL Plus G-Sec Jun 2027 40:60 Index Fund

(An open ended target maturity scheme replicating/tracking NIFTY SDL Plus G-Sec Jun 2027 40:60 Index. A Relatively High nterest Rate Risk and Relatively Low Credit Risk)

- Returns that are commensurate (before fees and expenses) with the performance of the NIFTY SDL Plus G-Sec Jun 2027 40:60 Index, subject to tracking difference over long
- Investment in Government Securities/SDL. TREPS on Government Securities/Treasury bills

| Potential Risk Class (PRC) (Maximum risk the Scheme can take) | | | | |
|--|--------------------------|--------------------|---------------------------|--|
| Credit Risk \rightarrow | Relatively Low (Class A) | Moderate (Class B) | Relatively High (Class C) | |
| Interest Rate Risk \checkmark | | | | |
| Relatively Low (Class I) | | | | |
| Moderate (Class II) | | | | |
| Relatively High (Class III) | A-III | | | |
| A-III - A Scheme with Relatively High Interest Rate Risk and Relatively Low Credit Risk. | | | | |

Moderate/ Moderate High Investors understand that their principal will be at low to moderate risk

HDFC Nifty SDL Oct 2026 Index Fund

(An open ended target maturity scheme replicating/tracking Nifty SDL Oct 2026 Index. A Relatively High Interest Rate Risk and Relatively Low Credit Risk)

- Returns that are commensurate (before fees and expenses) with the performance of the Nifty SDL Oct 2026 Index, subject to tracking difference over long term
- Investment in Government Securities/SDL, TREPS on Government Securities/Treasury bills

| Potential Risk Class (PRC) (Maximum risk the Scheme can take) | | | | | |
|--|------------------------------|--------------------|---------------------------|--|--|
| Credit Risk → | Relatively Low (Class A) | Moderate (Class B) | Relatively High (Class C) | | |
| Interest Rate Risk ψ | Interest Rate Risk $\sqrt{}$ | | | | |
| Relatively Low (Class I) | | | | | |
| Moderate (Class II) | | | | | |
| Relatively High (Class III) A-III | | | | | |
| A-III - A Scheme with Relatively High Interest Rate Risk and Relatively Low Credit Risk. | | | | | |

Scheme Riskometer as on July 31, 2024

Investors should consult their financial advisers if in doubt about whether the product is suitable for them.

#For latest riskometer, investors may refer to the Monthly Portfolios disclosed on the website of the Fund viz. www.hdfcfund.com

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